

# SAN MATEO PLAIN GROUNDWATER BASIN ASSESSMENT

## STAKEHOLDER WORKSHOP#2

SEPTEMBER 7, 2016

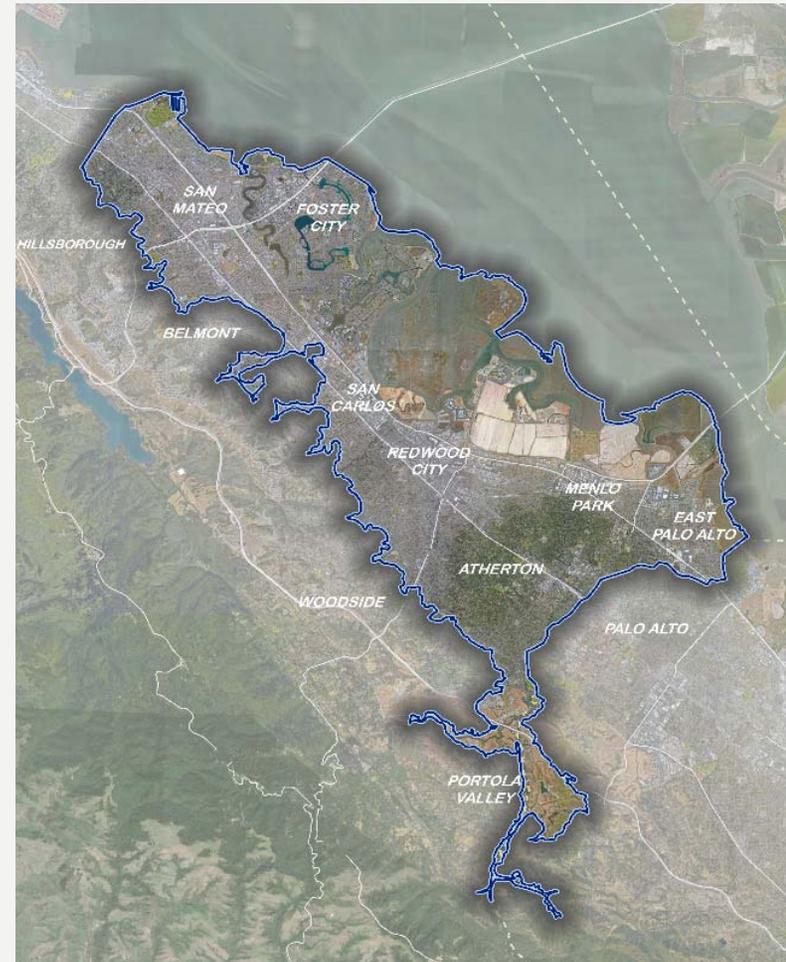


Erler &  
Kalinowski,  
Inc.

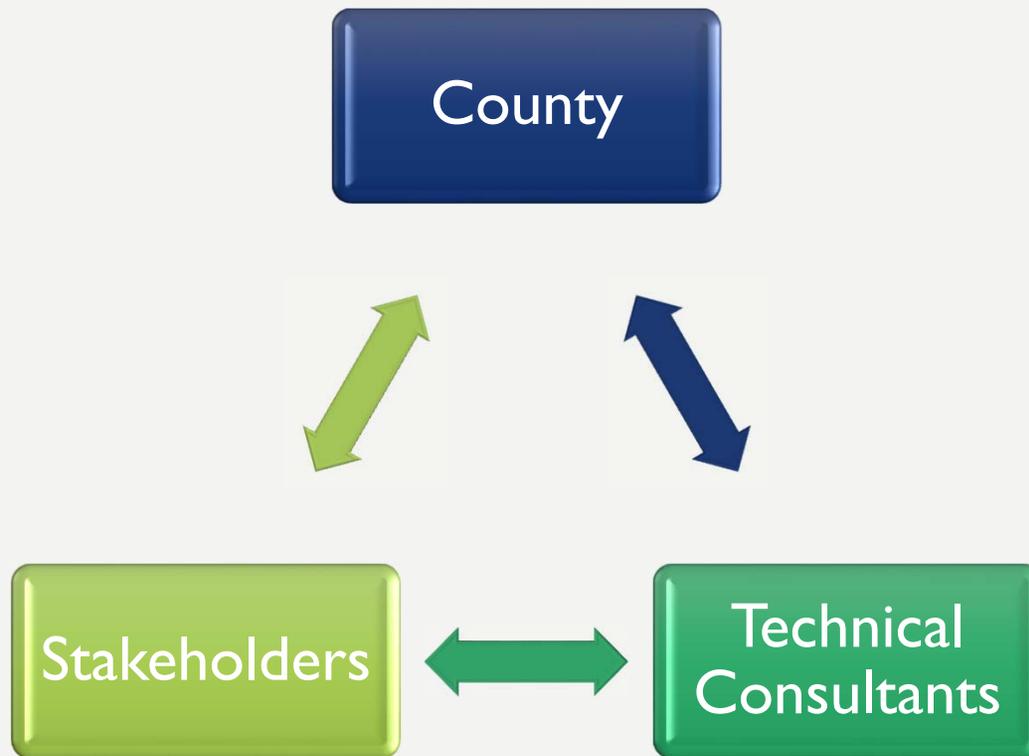


# PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

- Introductions
- Project Overview
- Summary of Stakeholder Meeting #1 Feedback
- “Snapshot” of Results to Date:
  - Data Compilation and Review
  - Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model
  - Basin Water Balance
  - Groundwater Quality
  - Evaluation of Potential Undesirable Results



# INTRODUCTIONS



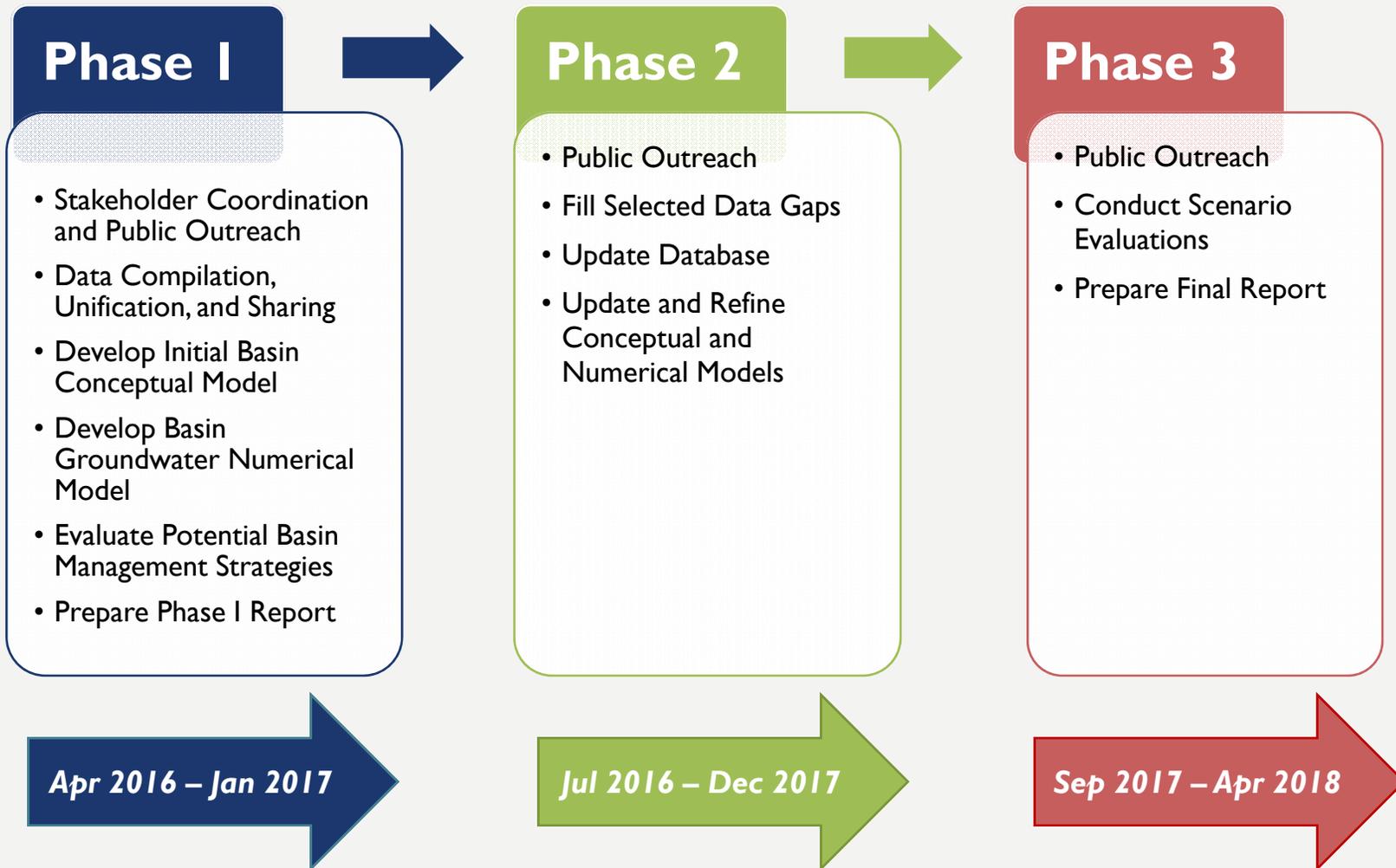
# SAN MATEO PLAIN GROUNDWATER BASIN ASSESSMENT

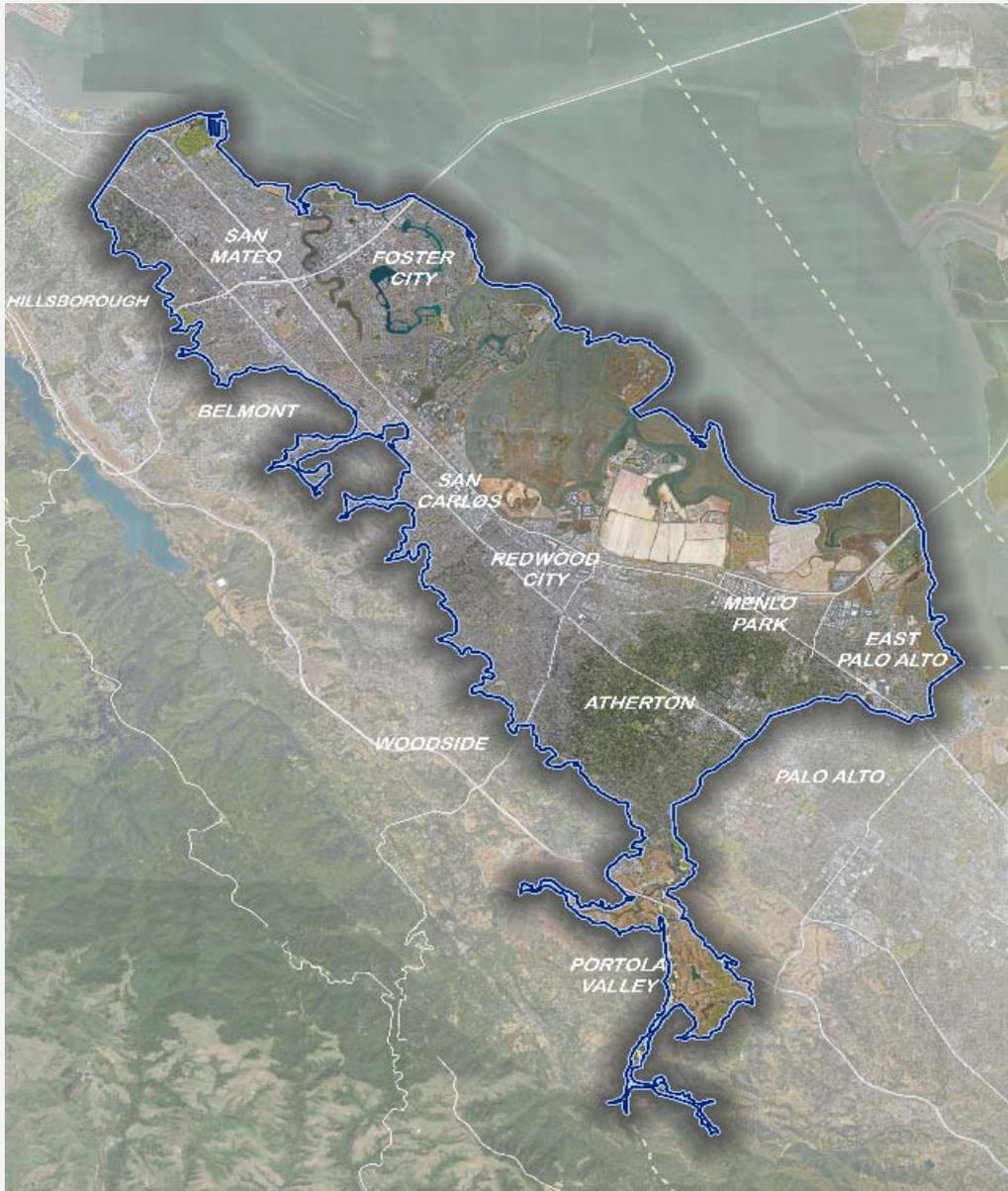
- Funded through Measure A
- Project Objectives:
  - Increase Public Knowledge
  - Evaluate Hydrogeologic and Groundwater Conditions
  - Evaluate Risk of Undesirable Results
  - Develop Potential Groundwater Management Strategies
- <http://green.smcgov.org/san-mateo-plain>



MEASURE A 2013 – 2023  
LOCAL FUNDS  
LOCAL NEEDS  
WWW.SMCGOV.ORG

# THE PROJECT IS BEING EXECUTED IN THREE PHASES





# STAKEHOLDER OUTREACH

# STAKEHOLDER WORKSHOP #1

## MAY 17, 2016

- Project Overview
- Breakout Sessions on Three Topics

Potential Issues and Opportunities within the Basin

Objectives for the San Mateo Plain Groundwater Assessment Project

Data Gap Filling

# TOPIC #1: POTENTIAL ISSUES AND OPPORTUNITIES

Potential Opportunity	Ways to Foster
<b><i>Recharge with recycled water</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Encourage wastewater agency participation</li></ul>
<b><i>Recharge with stormwater</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dual-purpose projects / incentivize infiltration</li><li>• “Uline” creeks</li></ul>
<b><i>Conjunctive use of surface water and stormwater</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ASR, IPR</li></ul>
<b><i>Funding partnerships and opportunities</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Private-Public Partnerships</li><li>• IRWM funding</li></ul>
<b><i>Public education</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Regional planning / solutions</li></ul>
<b><i>Rethinking water infrastructure</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Distributed infrastructure (IPR / recharge)</li></ul>

# TOPIC #1: POTENTIAL ISSUES AND OPPORTUNITIES

Potential Issue	Potential Mitigation
<b><i>Lack of data / understanding</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Identify existing private wells and collect data</li></ul>
<b><i>Climate change threats</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Leverage existing studies / data</li></ul>
<b><i>Long-term sustainable management</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Establish sustainable yield</li><li>• Different thresholds for different areas</li><li>• Distinguish between short-term and long-term needs</li></ul>
<b><i>Resource protection</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Multiple-benefit projects</li><li>• Land use planning</li><li>• Reuse / recycled water</li></ul>
<b><i>Competition within and between basins</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Regional planning / solutions</li></ul>

# TOPIC #2: RANKING PROJECT OBJECTIVES

1	Evaluate the hydrogeologic and groundwater conditions of the entire Basin
2	Develop Basin water balance
3	Assess groundwater recharge areas
4	Develop a Basin hydrogeologic conceptual model
5	Evaluate interactions with adjacent basins and subbasins
6	Evaluate threats to the Basin groundwater quality and quantity
7	Identify long-term strategies to sustainably manage groundwater resources
8	Evaluate surface water and groundwater interactions in the Basin
9	Assess threats to water quality
10	Identify and position the Basin for funding opportunities
11	Increase public knowledge through data sharing and collaboration
12	Evaluate potential impacts of sea level rise and climate change

Strong emphasis on establishing the scientific and technical foundation

Funding ranked lower because CASGEM ranking may limit competitiveness for funds

# TOPIC #3: DATA GAP FILLING

- Established contacts for agencies and groups in the Basin and beyond
- Identified relevant studies
- General impressions:
  - Filling data gaps is high priority
  - Data should be shared across basin boundaries
- Prioritize coordination with entities with existing wells
  - Gather time-series water level / water quality data



THE  
NEIGHBORHOOD  
UNDERGROUND

# RESOURCE USE AND ECOSYSTEM PROTECTION

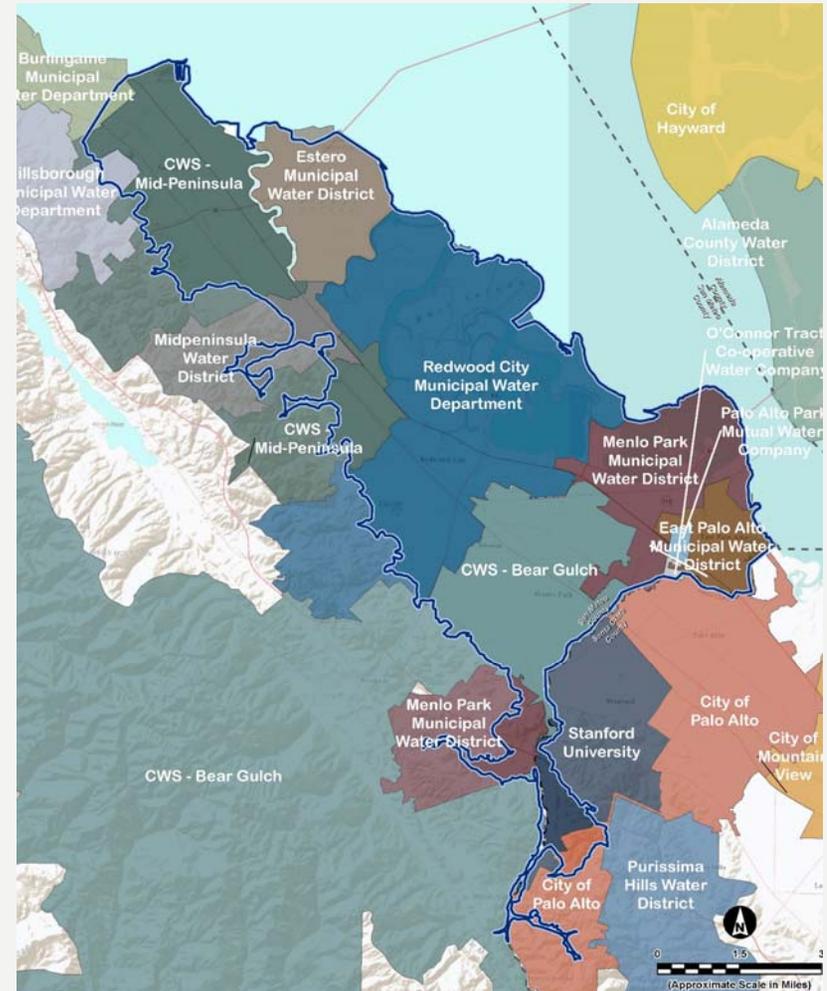
- “Project should emphasize the important role of groundwater in supporting ecosystems”

## AND

- Local groundwater is critical to ensuring a reliable emergency and supplemental water supply

# ON-GOING STAKEHOLDER OUTREACH

- Small group and one-on-one meetings
- Presentations to organizations and governing bodies
- Stakeholder workshops
- Website:  
<http://green.smcgov.org/san-mateo-plain>
- Open Data Portal



# “OPEN SAN MATEO COUNTY” DATA PORTAL

Open San Mateo County

City and Unincorporated Areas  
Feature that delineates the city and unincorporated areas within San Mateo County.

Search Data

Welcome to Open San Mateo County. Explore our data and dashboards, and Measure A dashboards, and more.

Open Data

Explore data provided by the County of San Mateo from restaurant health inspections to public wi-fi use.

Keep track of the progress of County initiatives and programs.

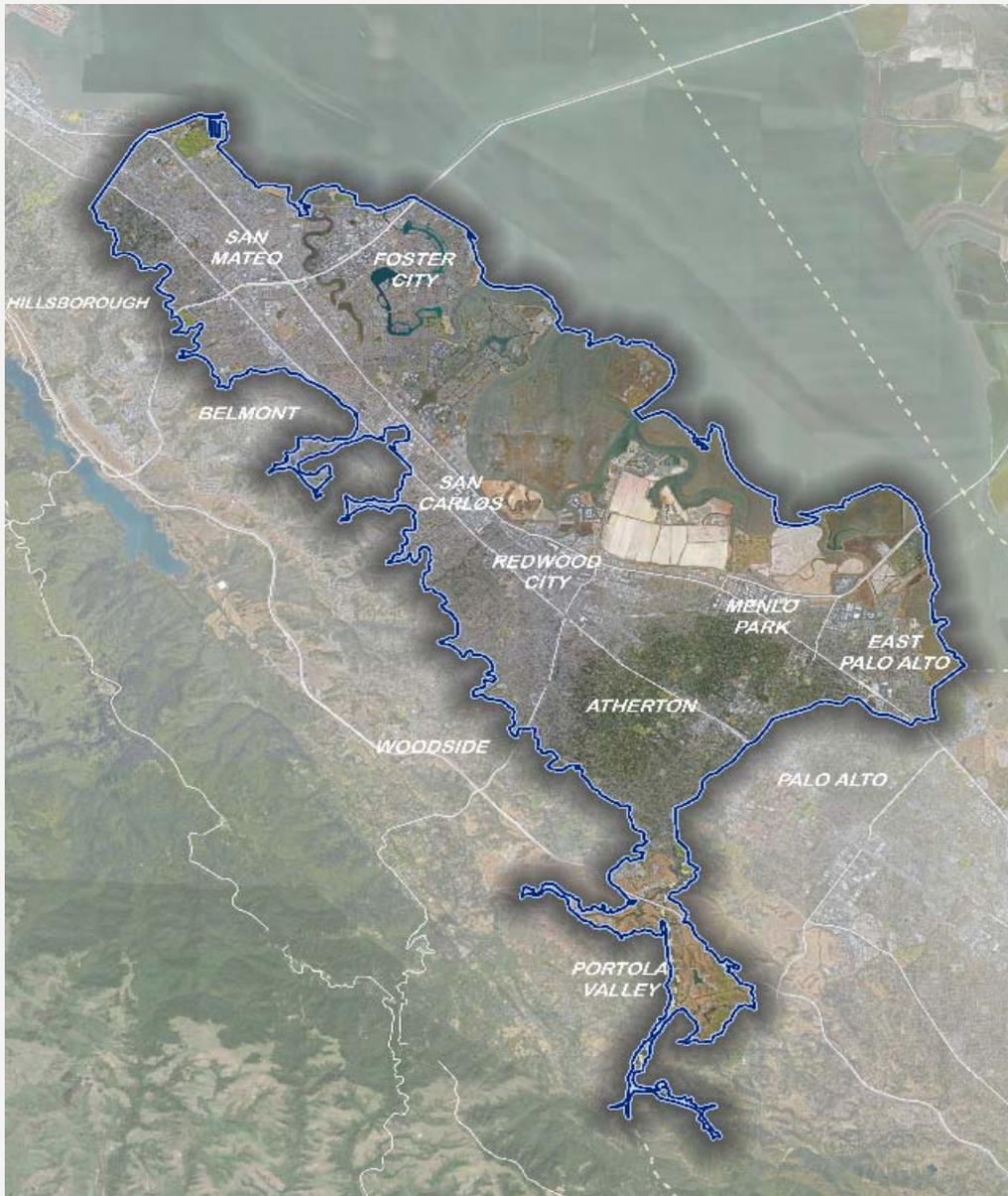
Day City to social service centers in East Palo Alto.

GIS_ADMIN_ID	the_geom	PERIMETER	NAME	SRC_DOC	SRC_S
1	MULTIPOLYGON ((	80,583	ATHERTON	GIS BASEMAP	200
2	MULTIPOLYGON ((	73,182	BELMONT	GIS BASEMAP	200

Total number of rows 60

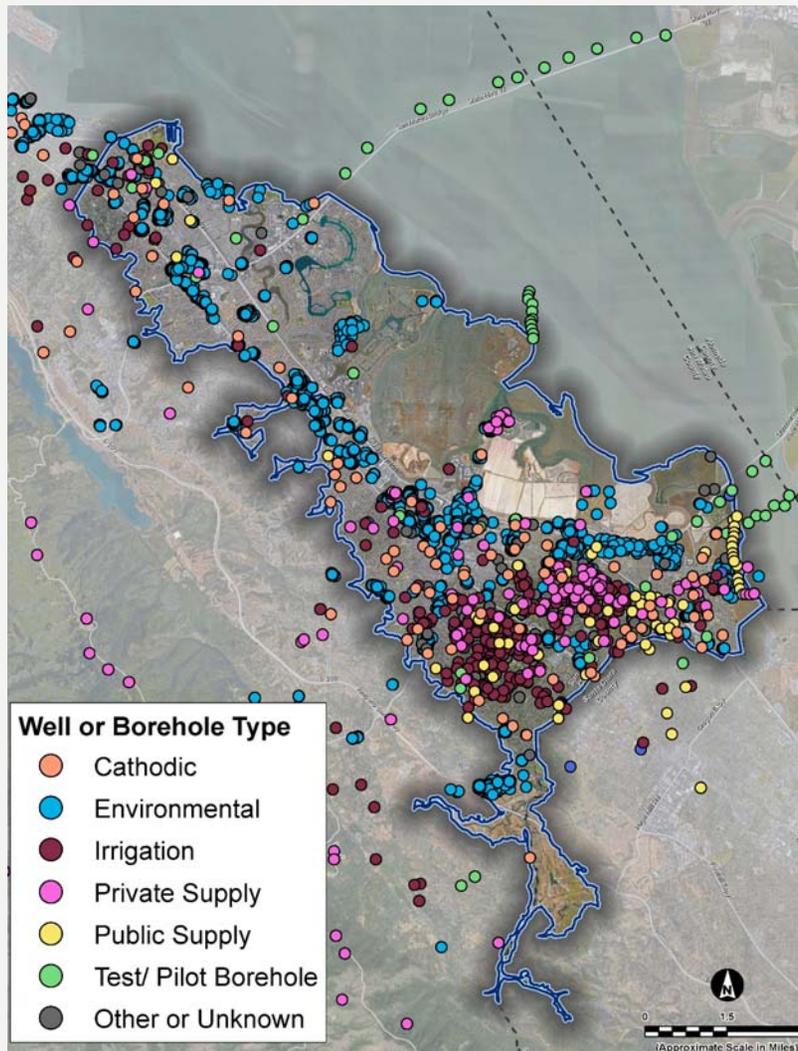
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# DATA COMPILATION & REVIEW

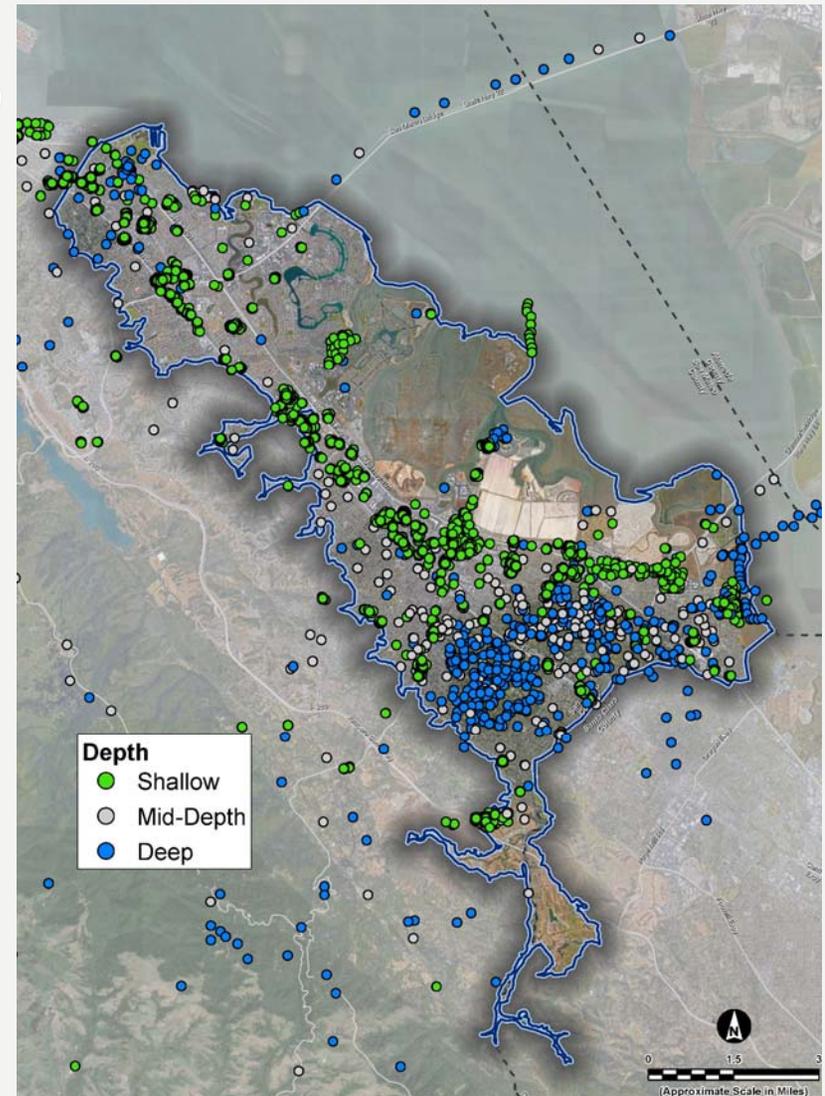
# PROJECT DATABASE



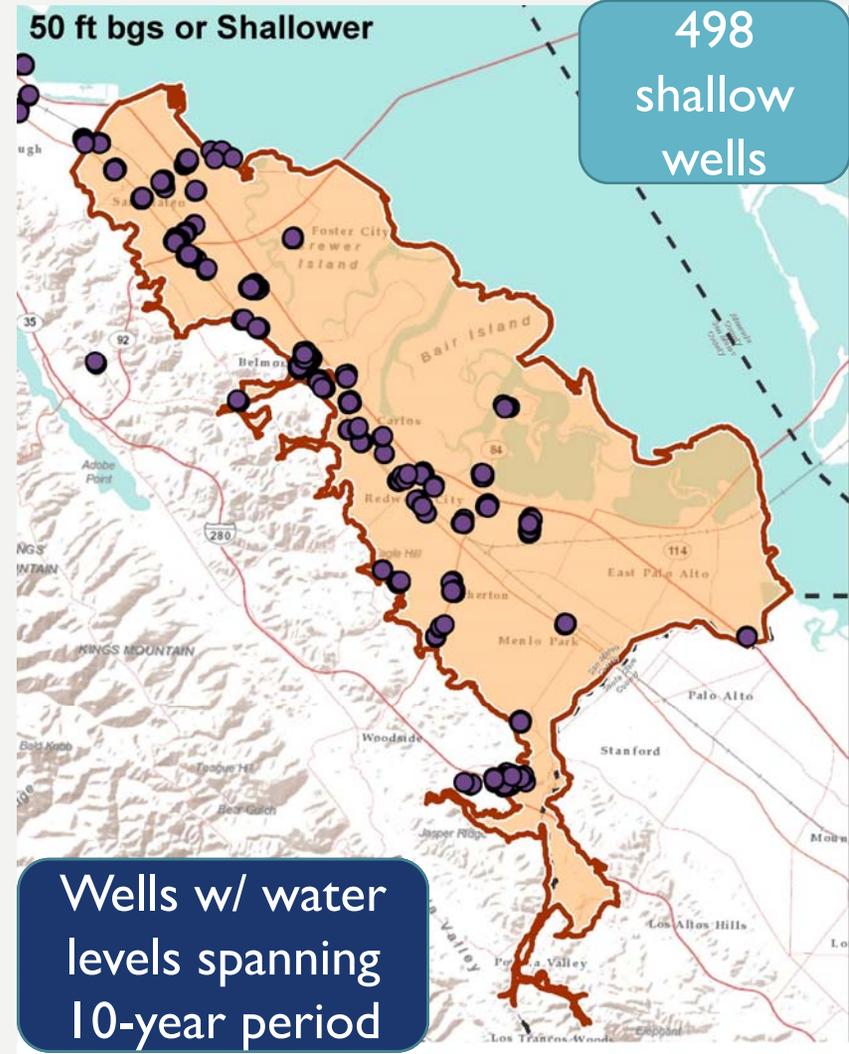
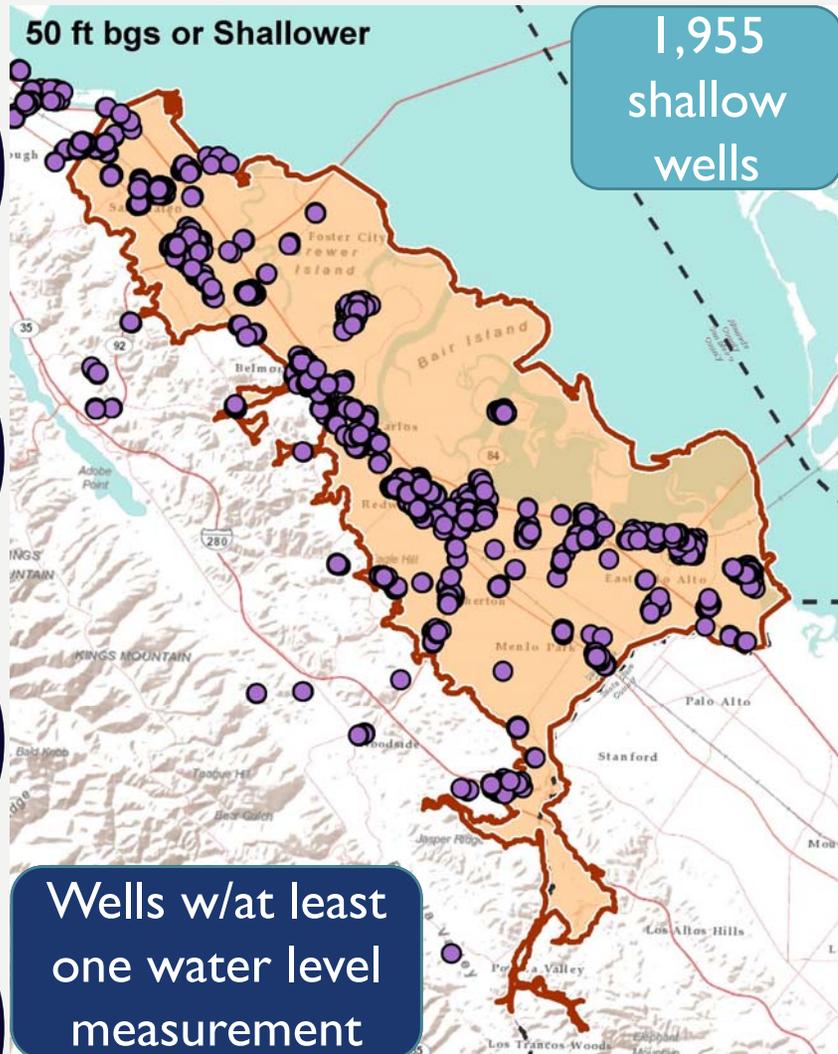
- Relational database in Microsoft Access
- ArcGIS geodatabase
- Information from ~3,000 wells and boreholes
- Data collected through 15 July 2016
- Data and GIS files will be publicly available

# DATA WERE STRATIFIED BASED ON DEPTH

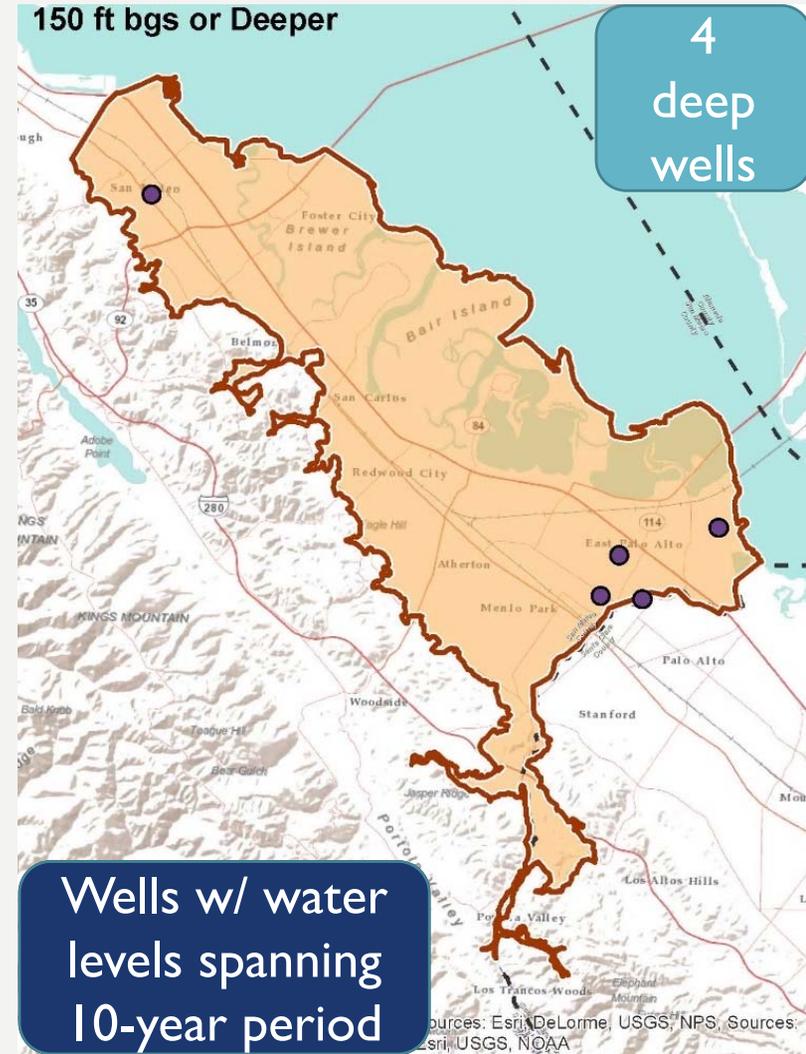
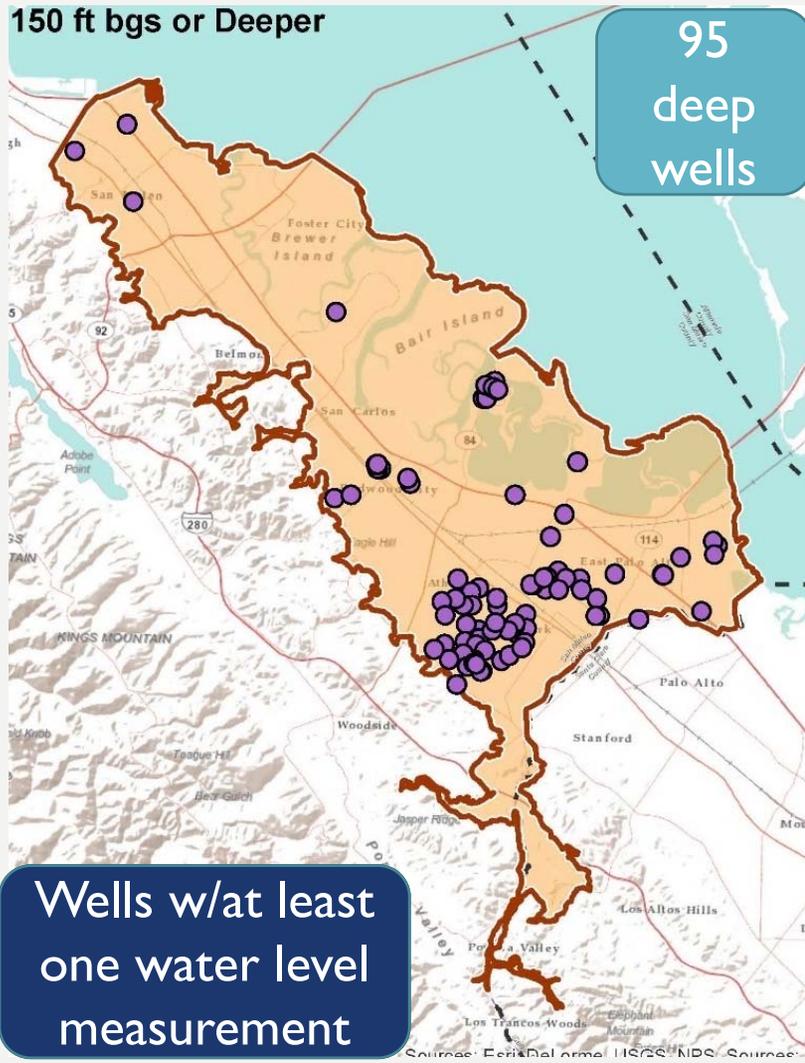
- Shallow wells ( $\leq 50$  ft bgs) typically associated with remediation sites
- Deep wells ( $\geq 150$  ft bgs) typically investigation or production wells



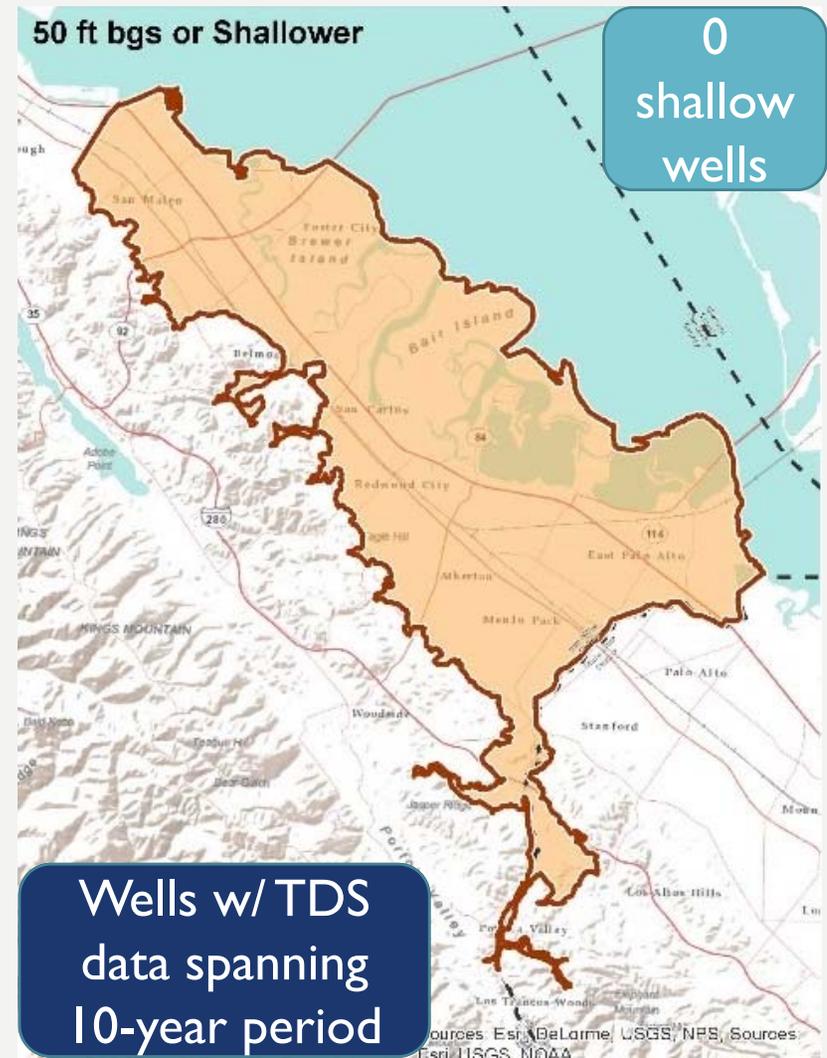
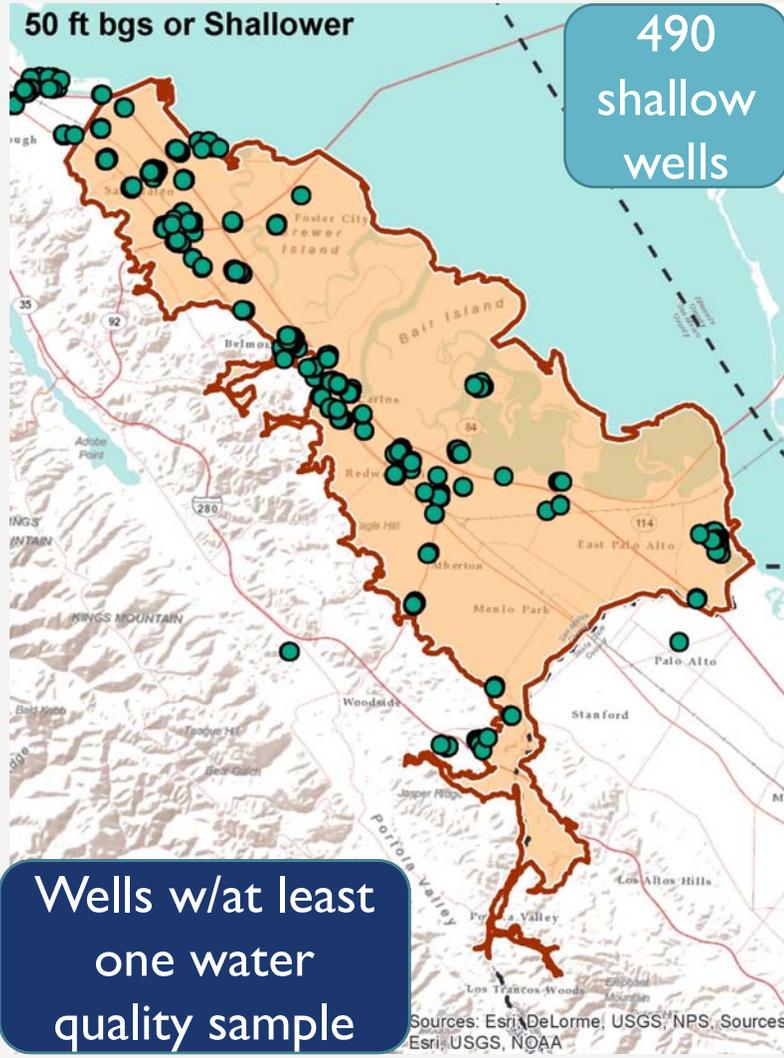
# SHALLOW WELLS WITH WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS



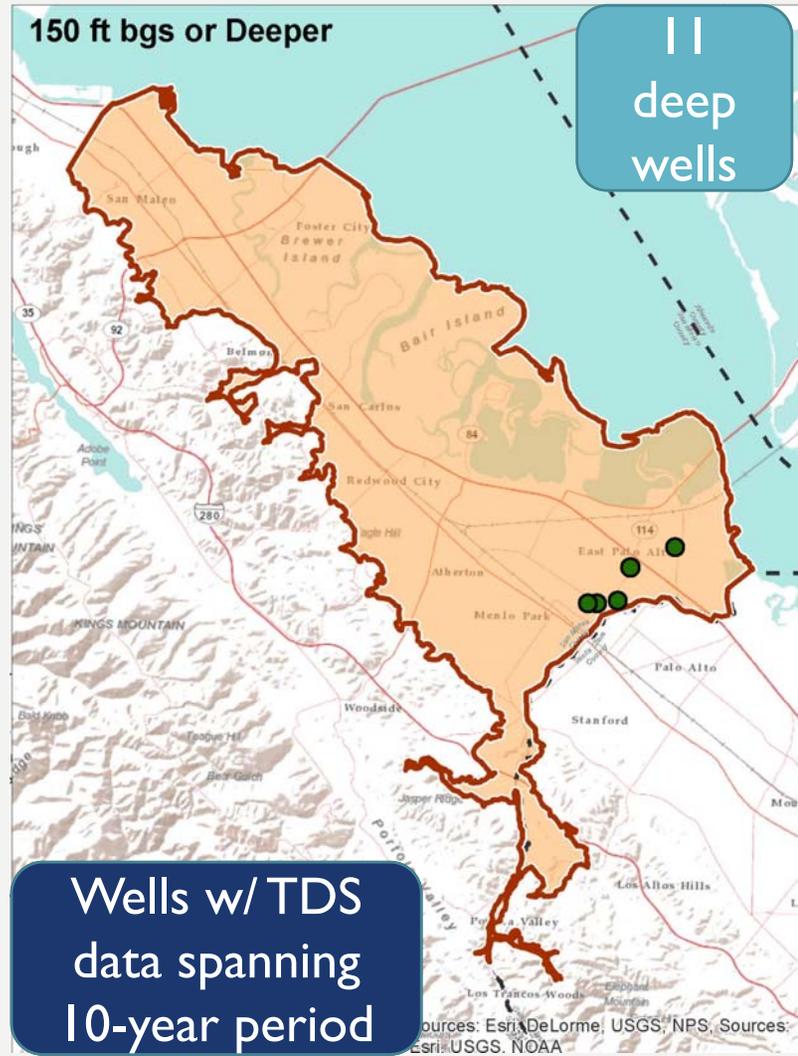
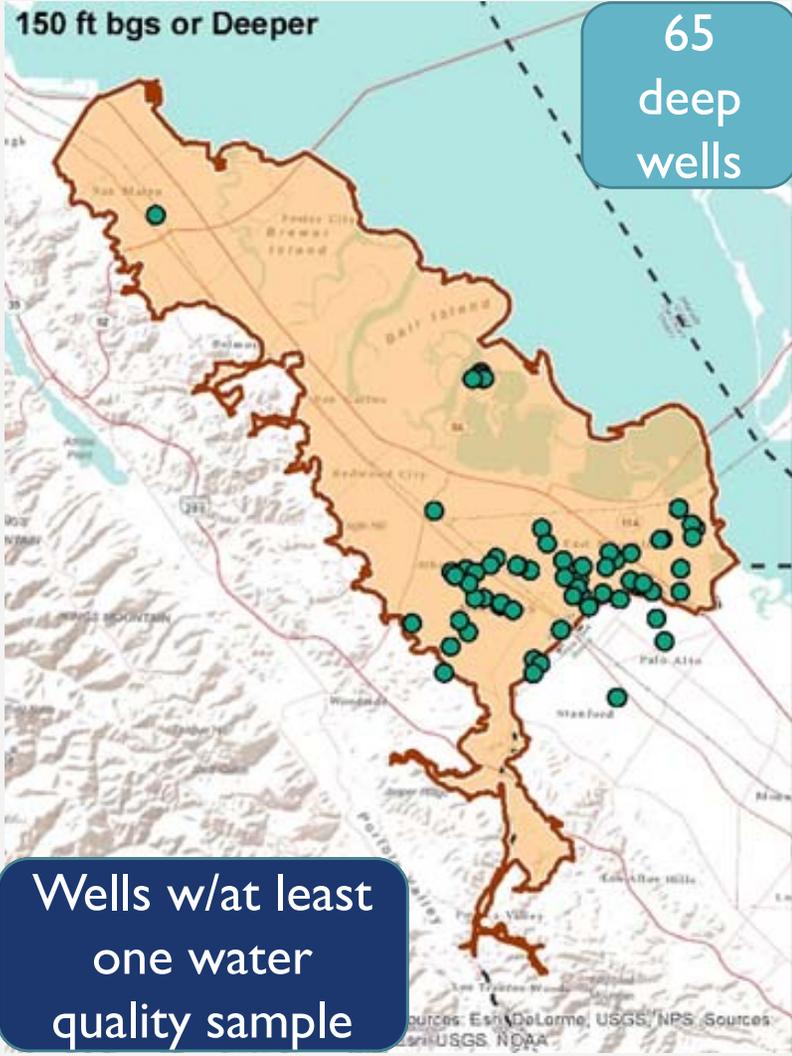
# DEEP WELLS WITH WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS



# SHALLOW WELLS WITH WATER QUALITY DATA

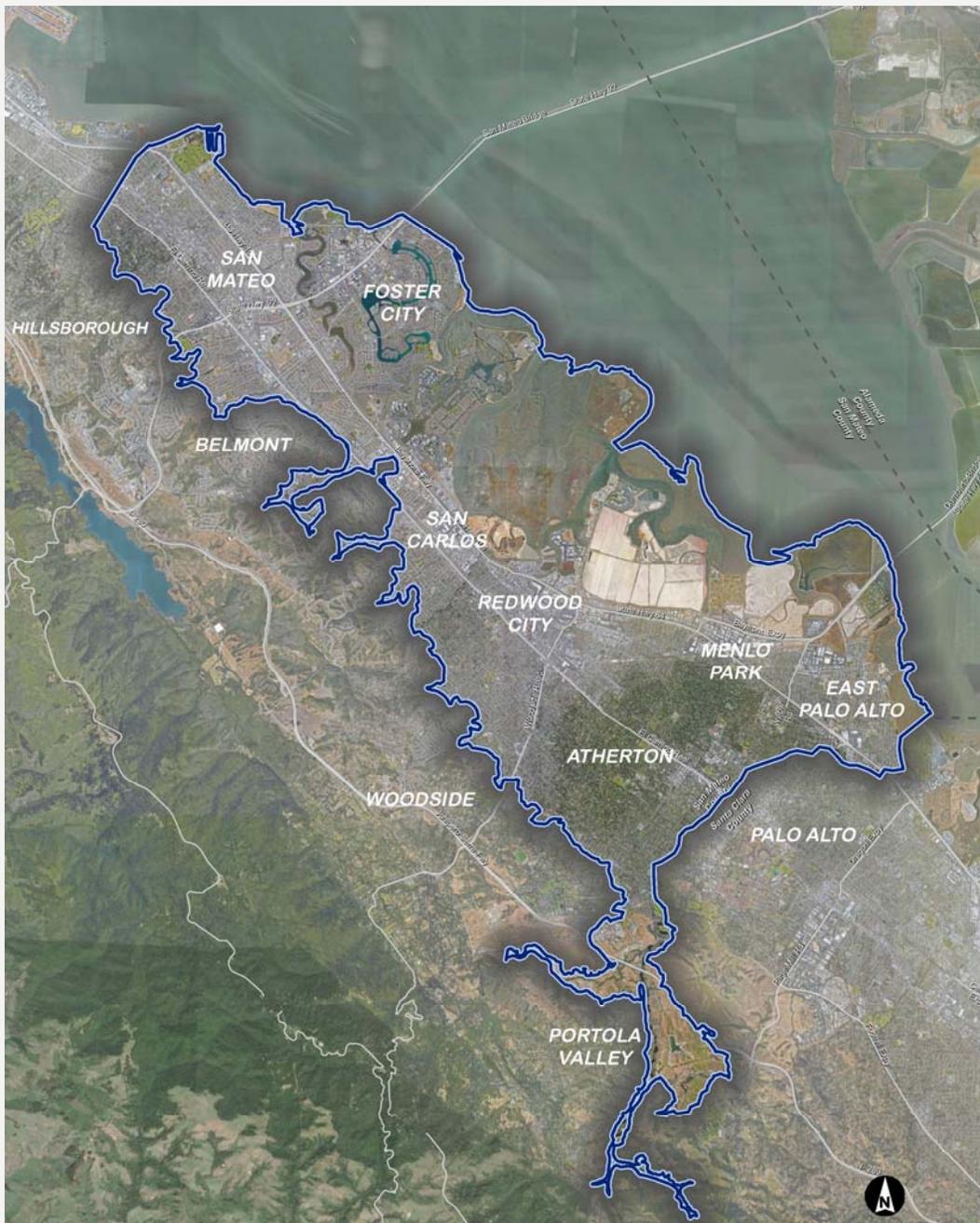


# DEEP WELLS WITH WATER QUALITY DATA



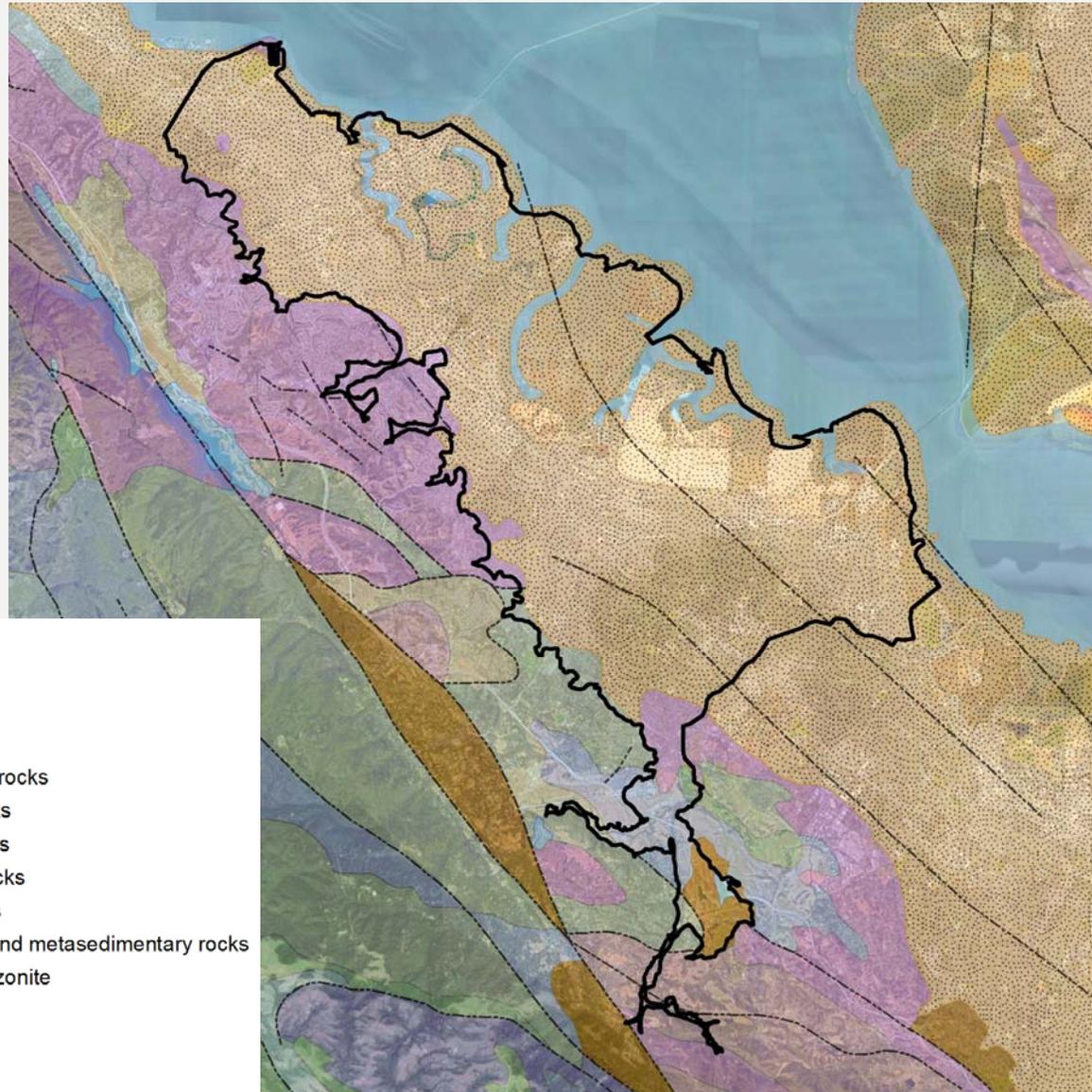
# DATA COMPILATION TAKE-AWAYS

- Reasonable spatial distribution of data
- Very limited temporal distribution
- Lack of time series data limit our ability to assess the relationships between key drivers such as precipitation, pumping rates, water levels, and water quality data
- Efforts in Phase 2 will focus on establishing a robust monitoring network to begin to develop key time-series data



# HYDRO- GEOLOGIC CONCEPTUAL MODEL

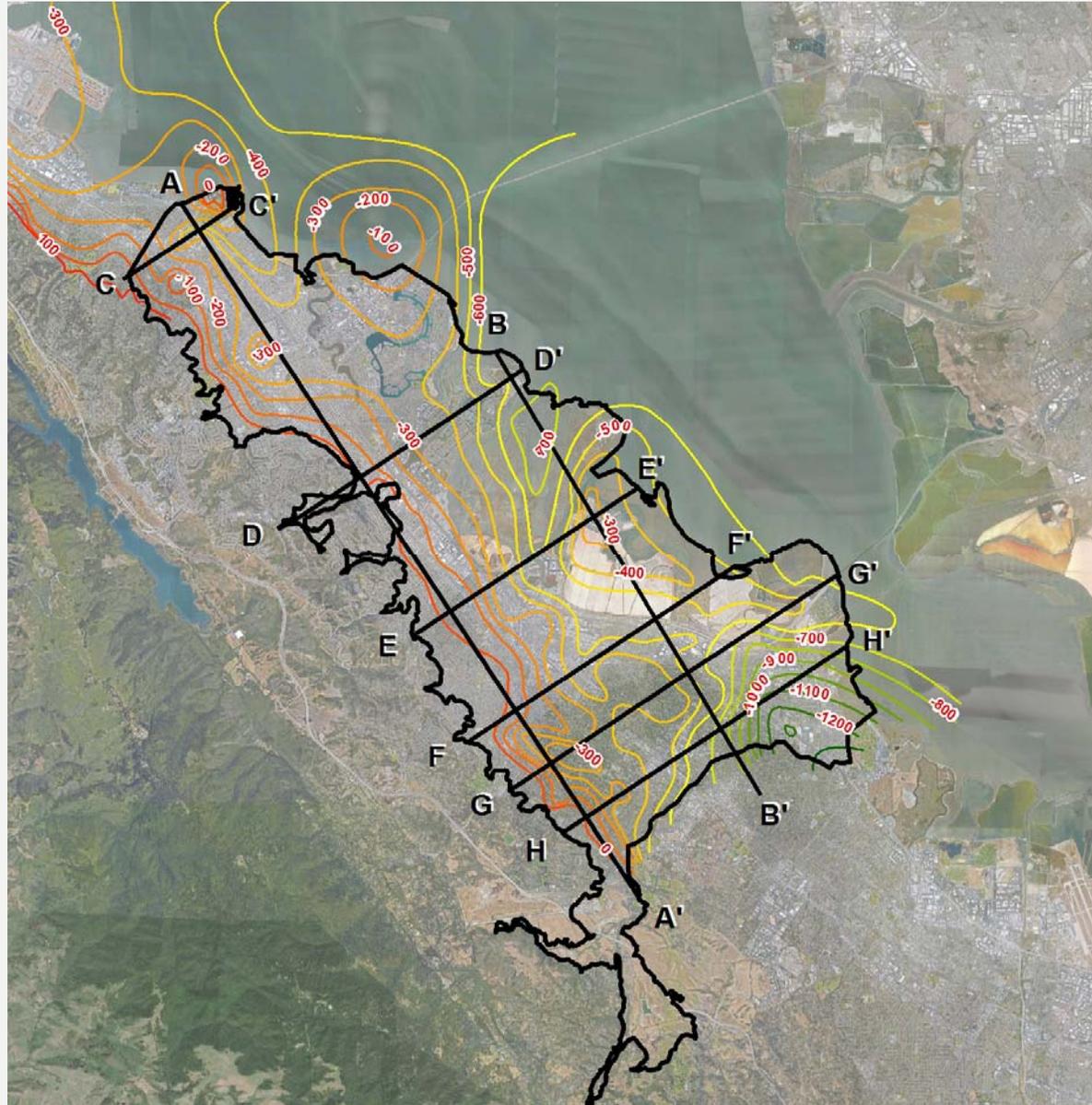
# GEOLOGIC MAP



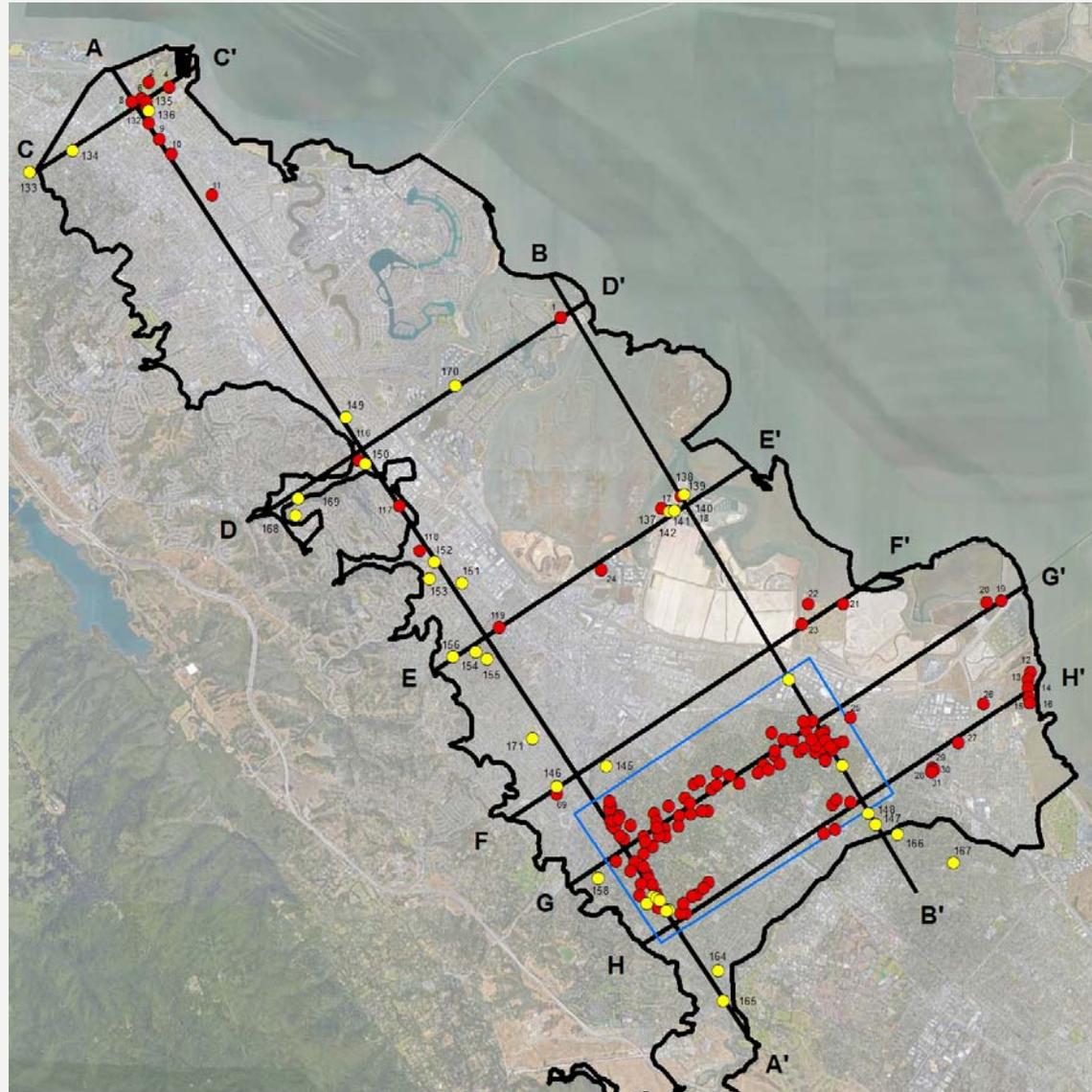
## Legend

-  San Mateo Plain Basin
-  Fault
-  Quaternary Alluvium
-  Pliocene continental sedimentary rocks
-  Pliocene marine sedimentary rocks
-  Miocene marine sedimentary rocks
-  Oligocene marine sedimentary rocks
-  Eocene marine sedimentary rocks
-  Cretaceous Marine sedimentary and metasedimentary rocks
-  Mesozoic granite and quartz monzonite
-  Mesozoic metavolcanic rocks
-  Mesozoic plutonic rocks
-  Tertiary Volcanic Rocks
-  Water

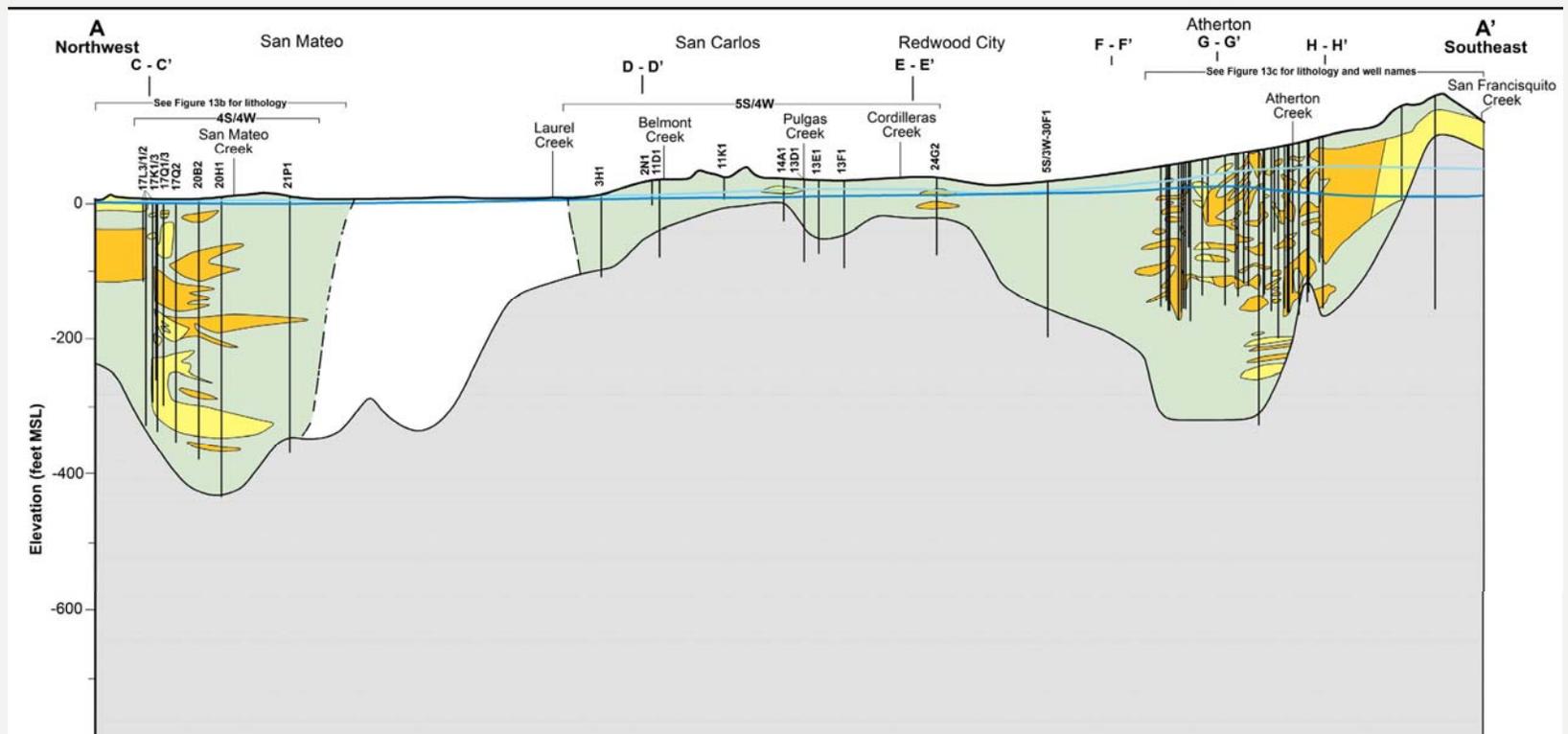
# BEDROCK ELEVATION MAP



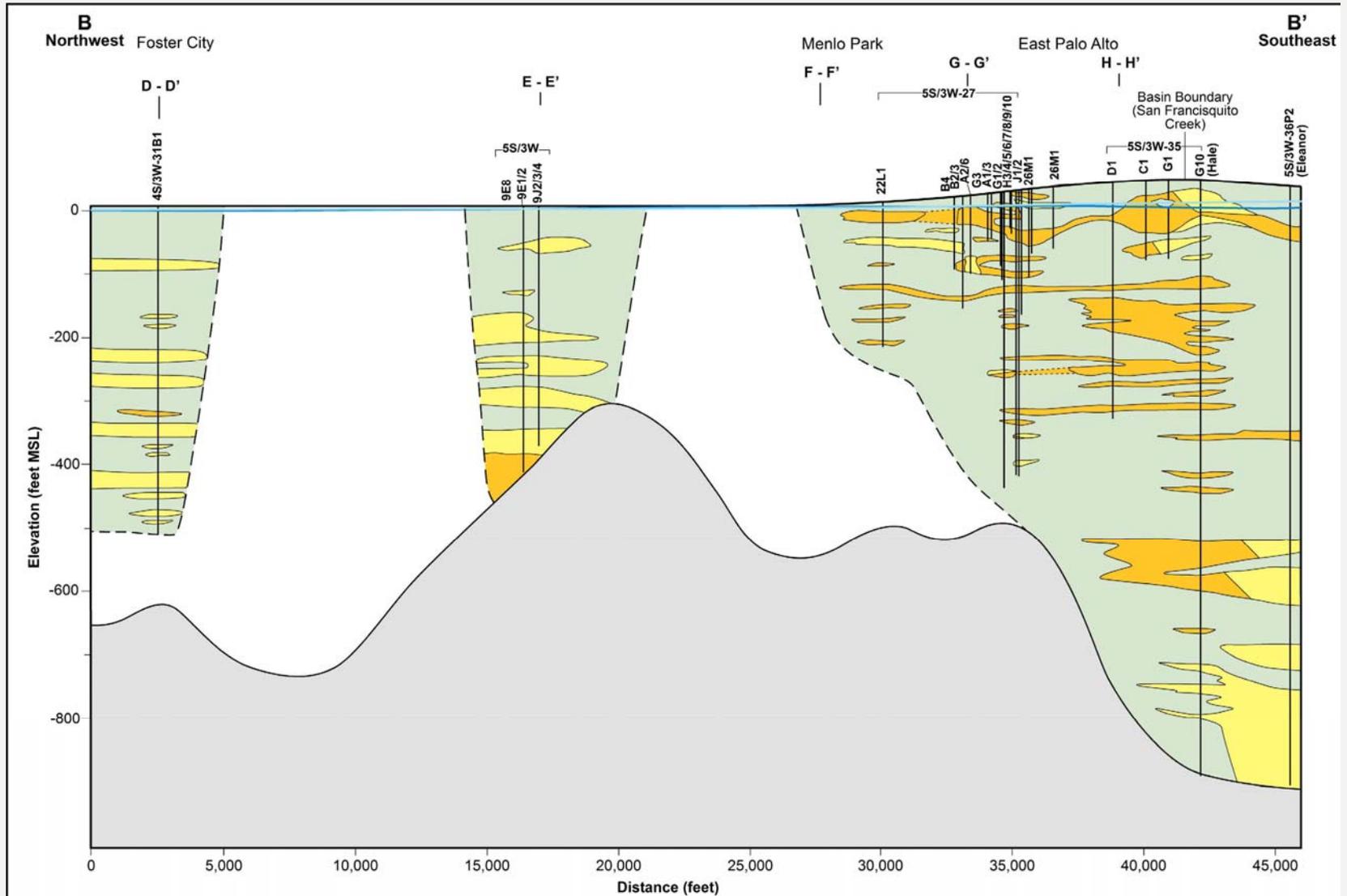
# CROSS SECTION TRANSECTS



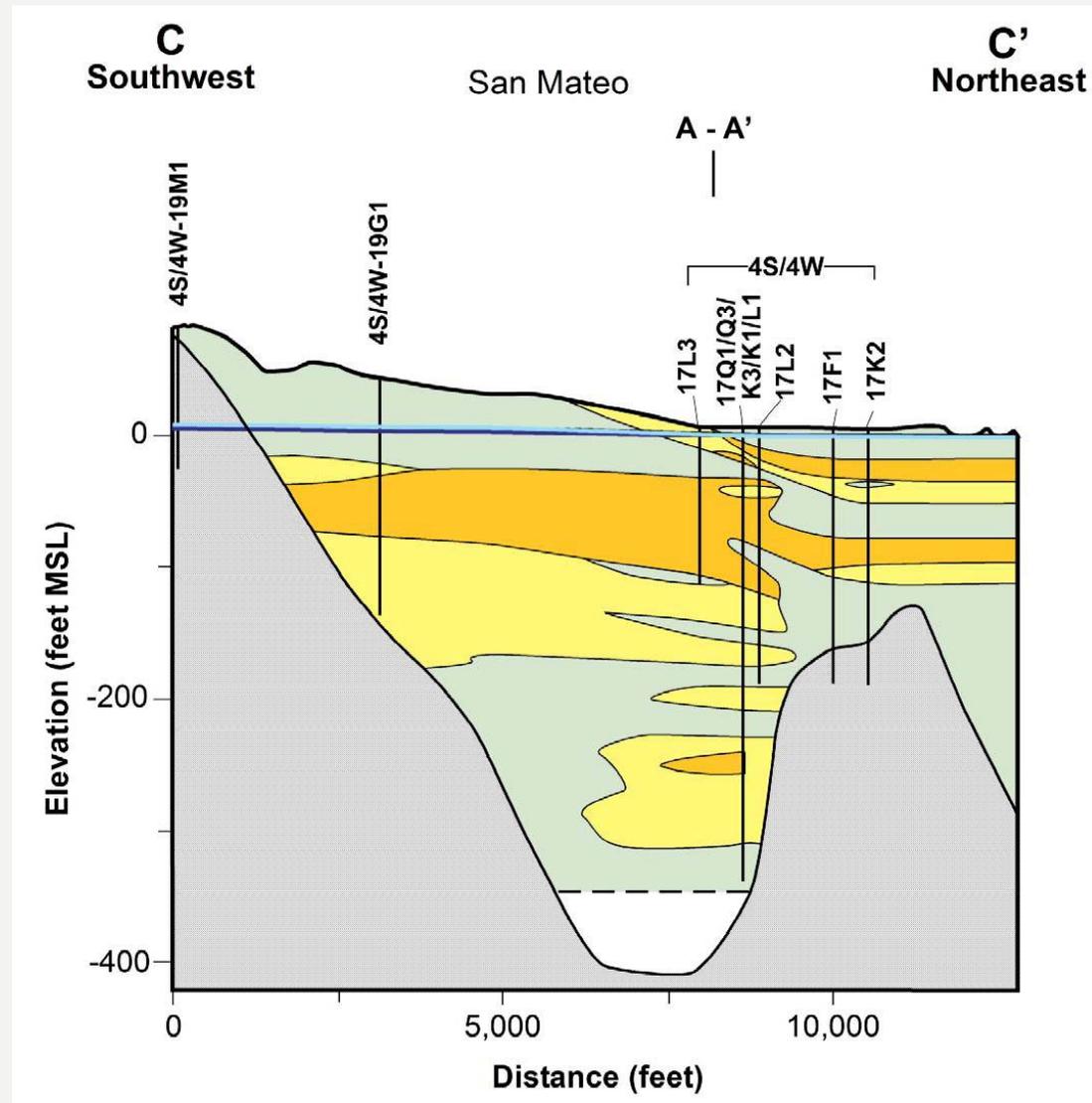
# CROSS SECTION A-A'



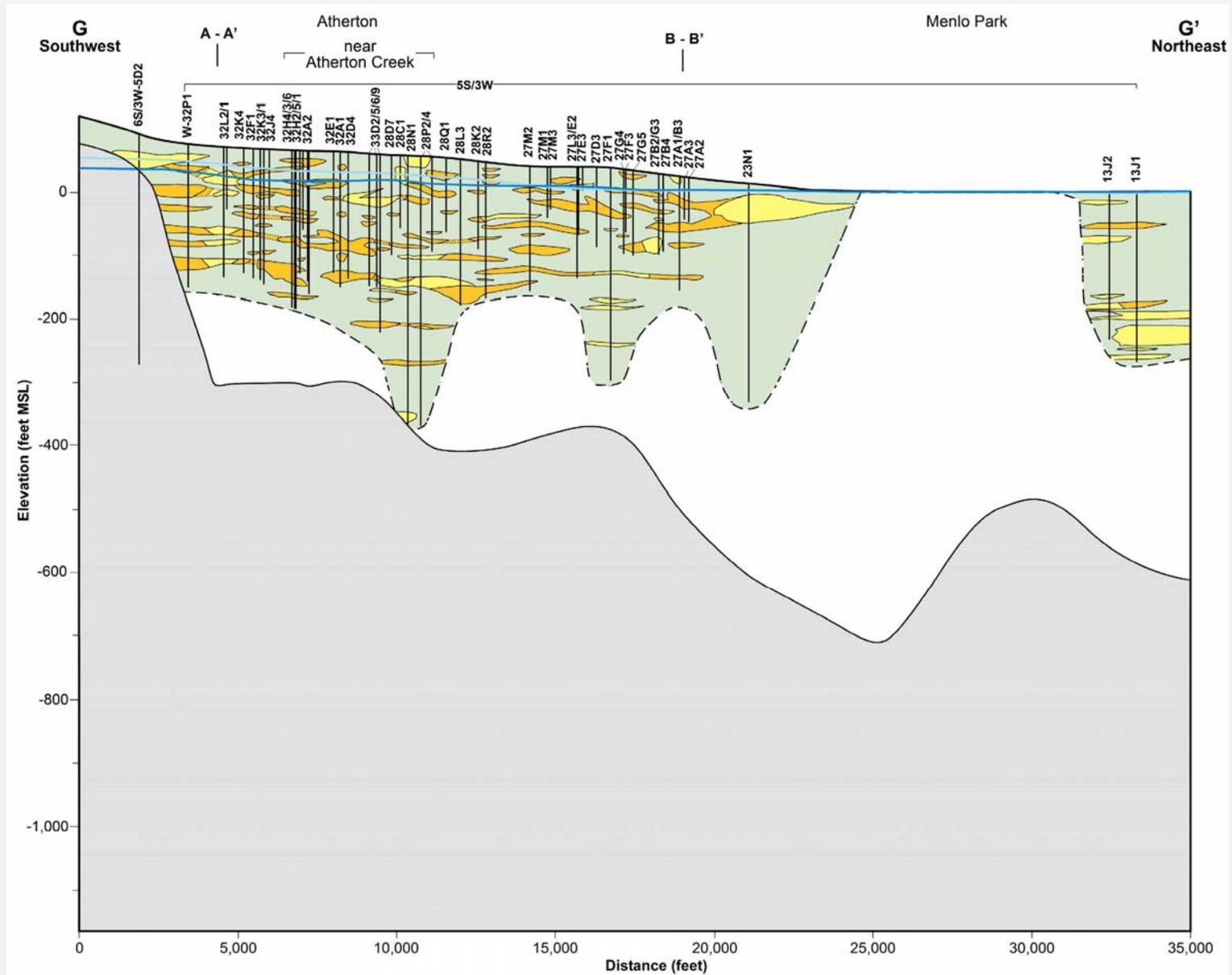
# CROSS SECTION B-B'



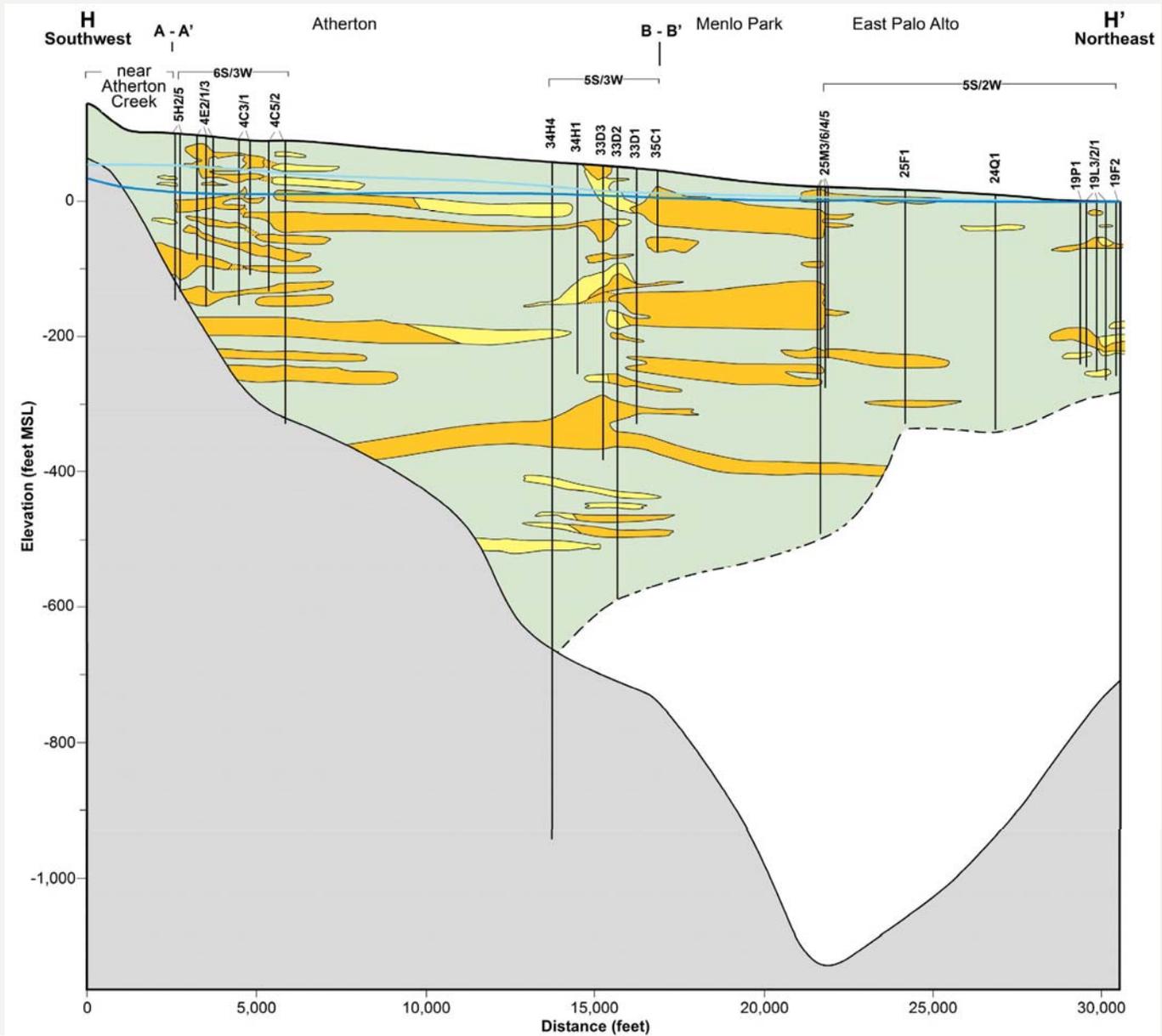
# CROSS SECTION C-C'



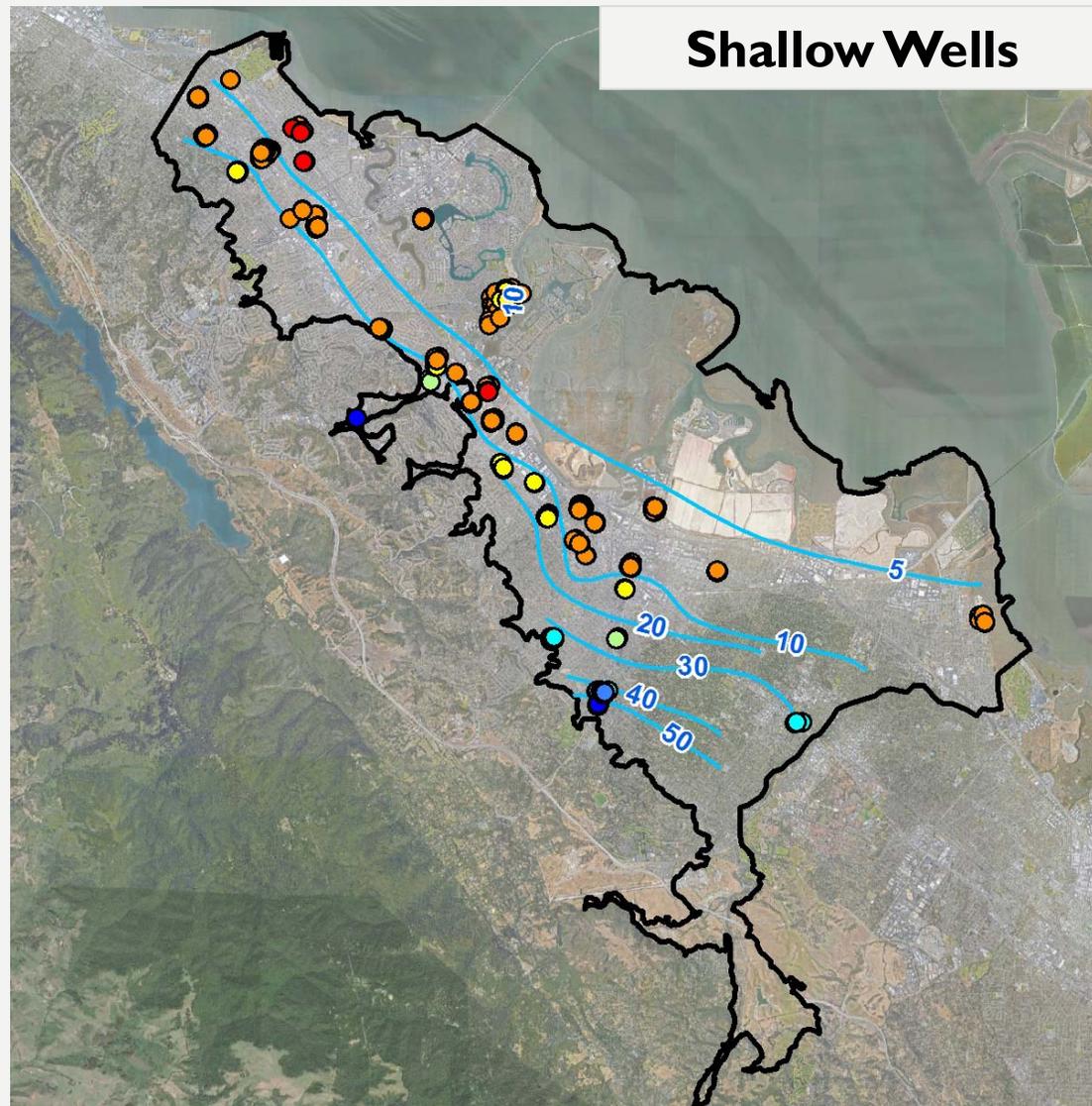
# CROSS SECTION G-G'



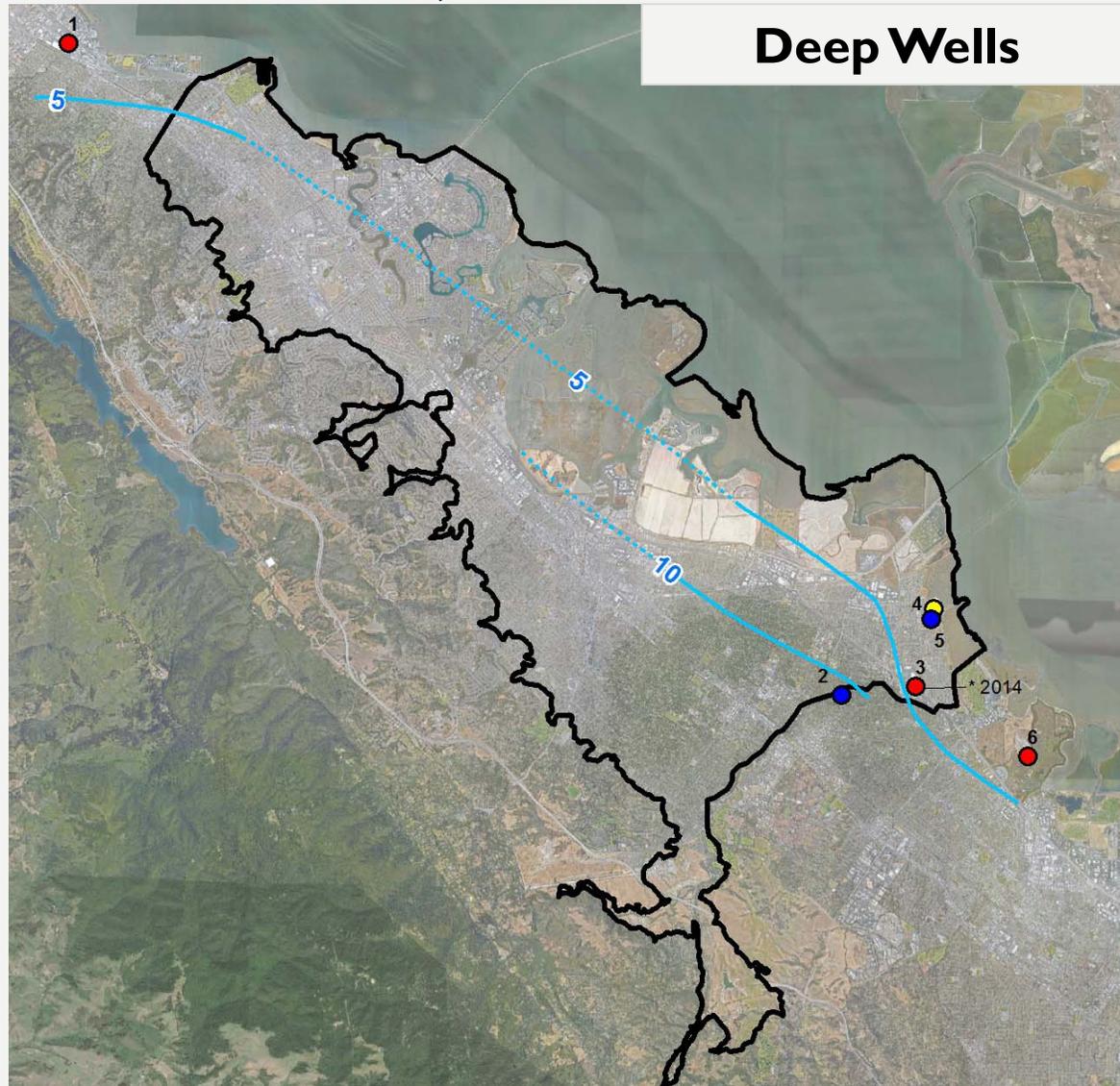
# CROSS SECTION H-H'



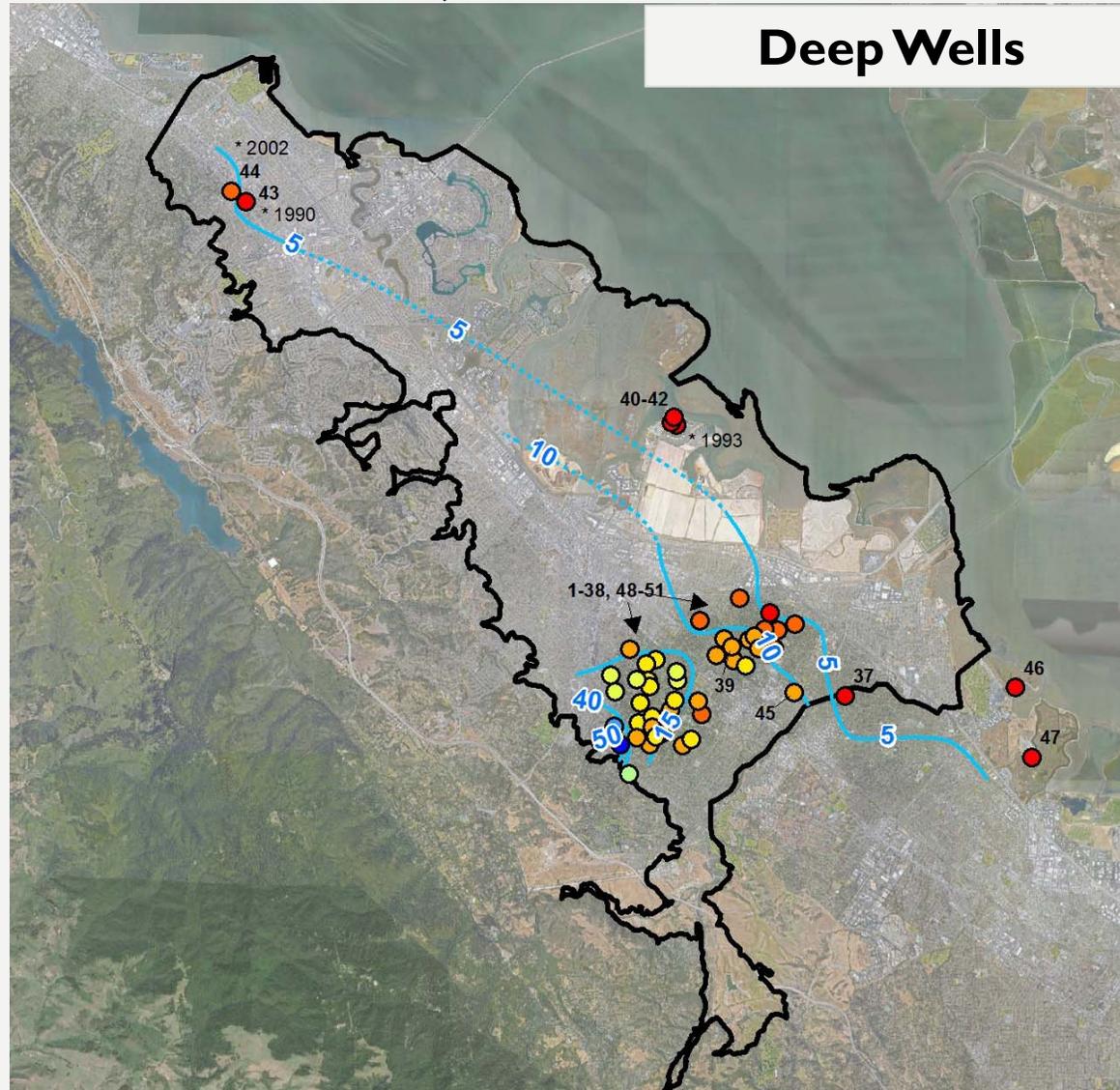
# GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR MAP, 2010



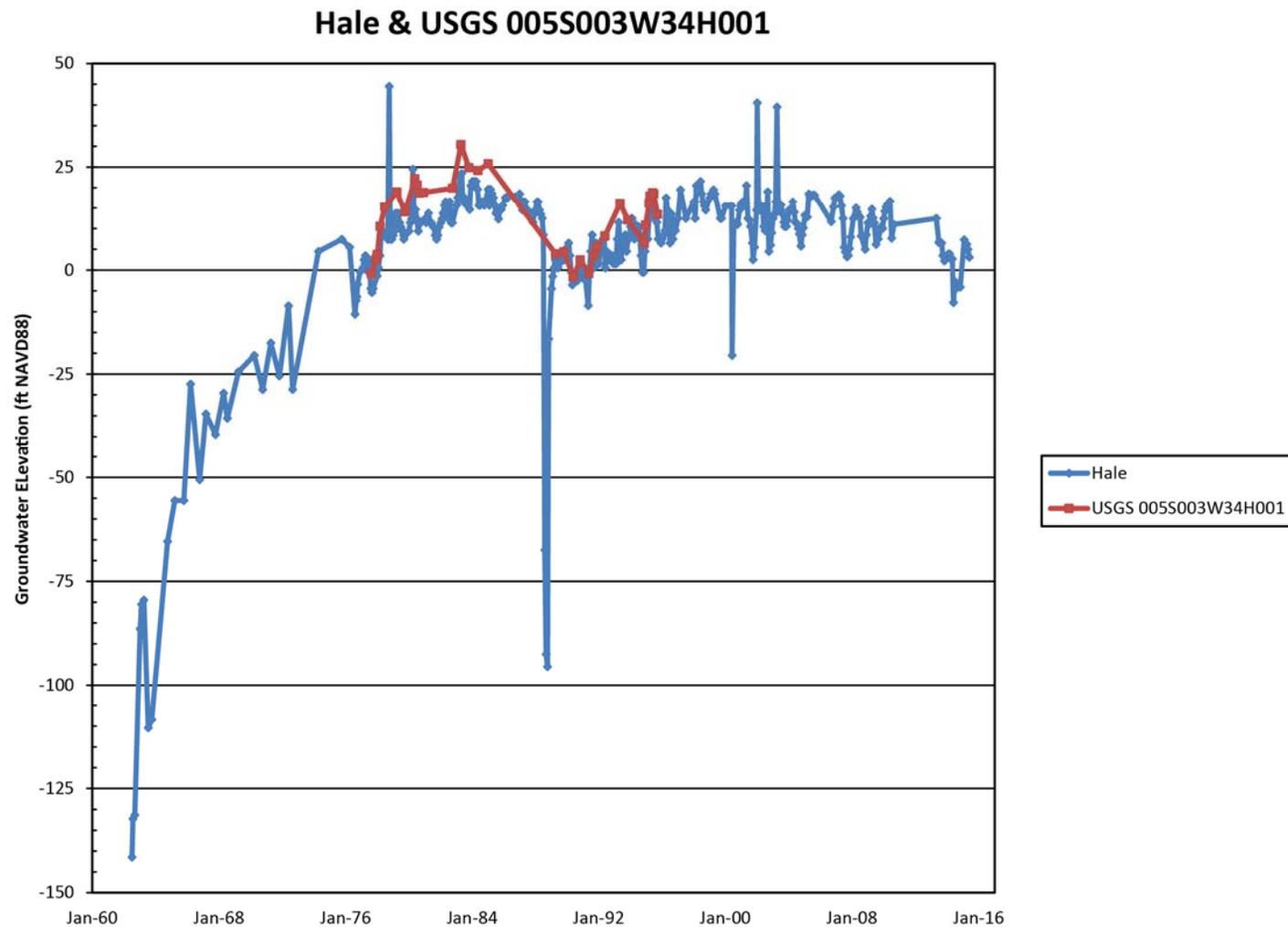
# GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR MAP, 2010



# GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR MAP, 1994

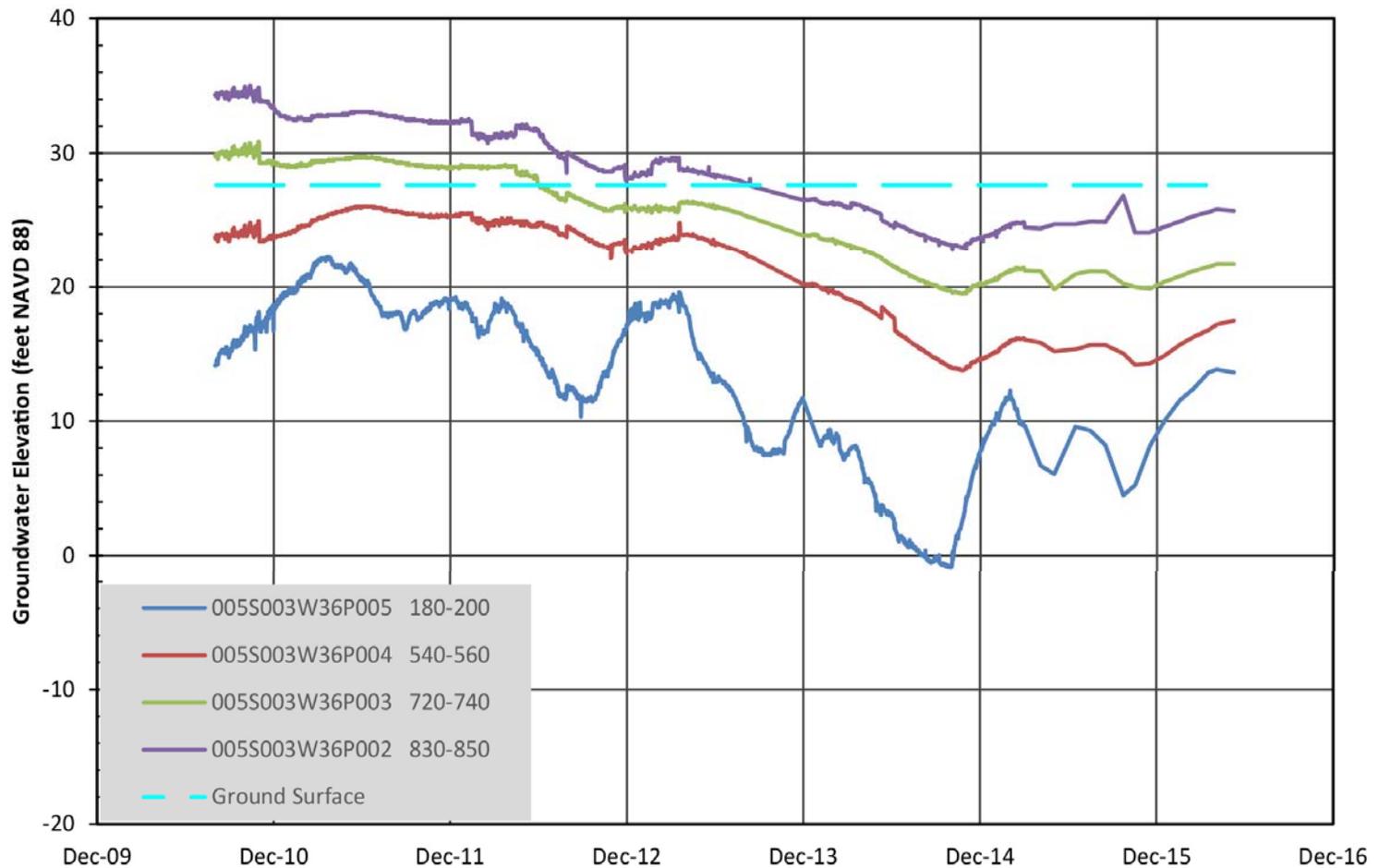


# GROUNDWATER LEVEL HYDROGRAPHS, HALE AND 34H1

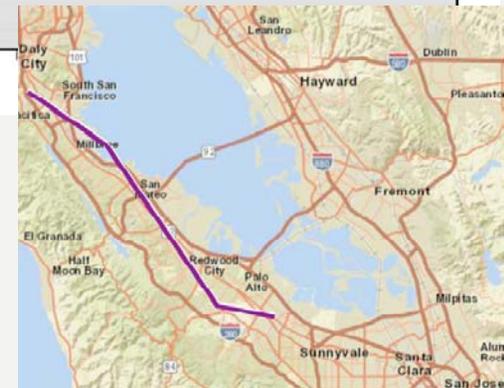
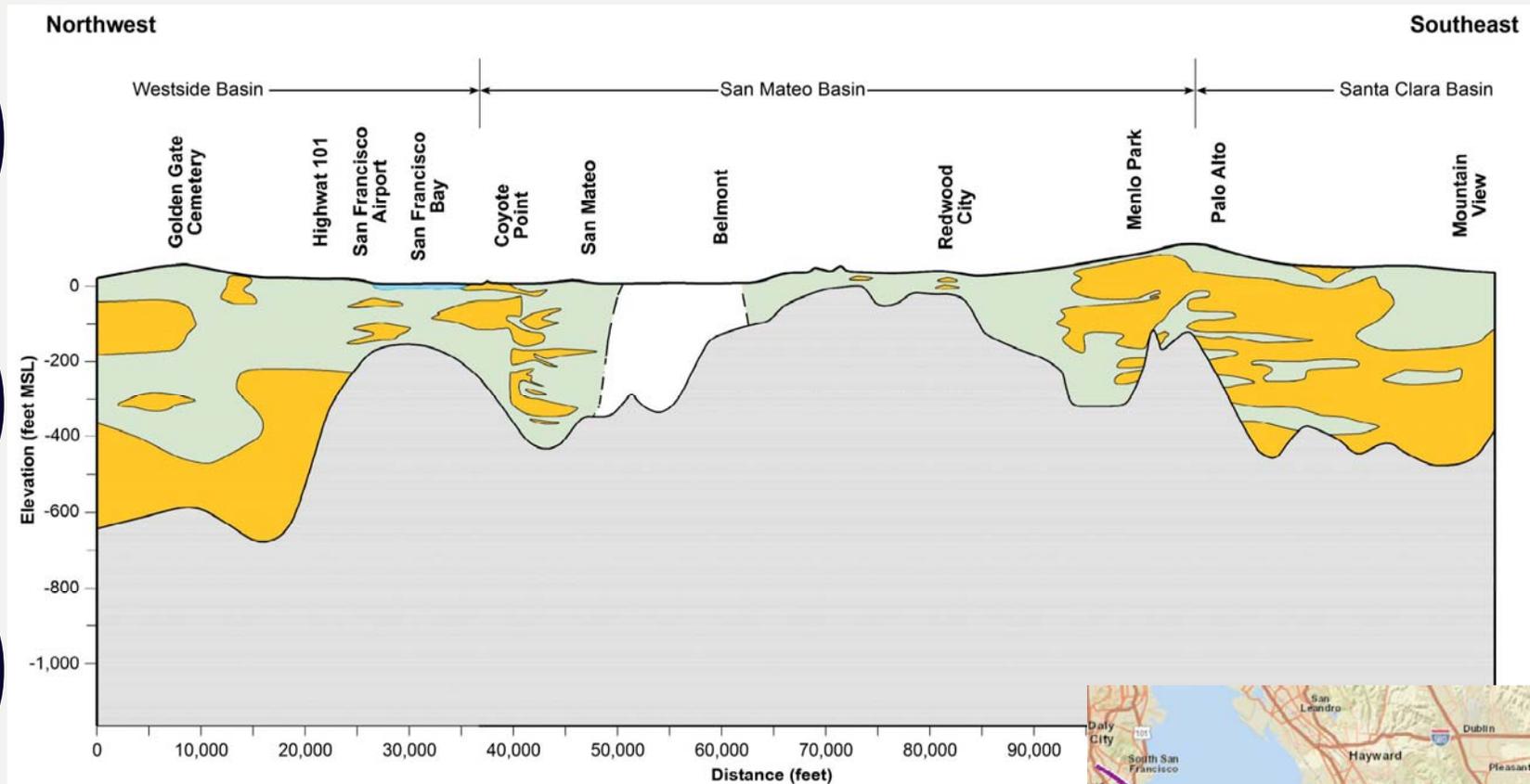


# GROUNDWATER LEVEL HYDROGRAPHS, ELEANOR PARK

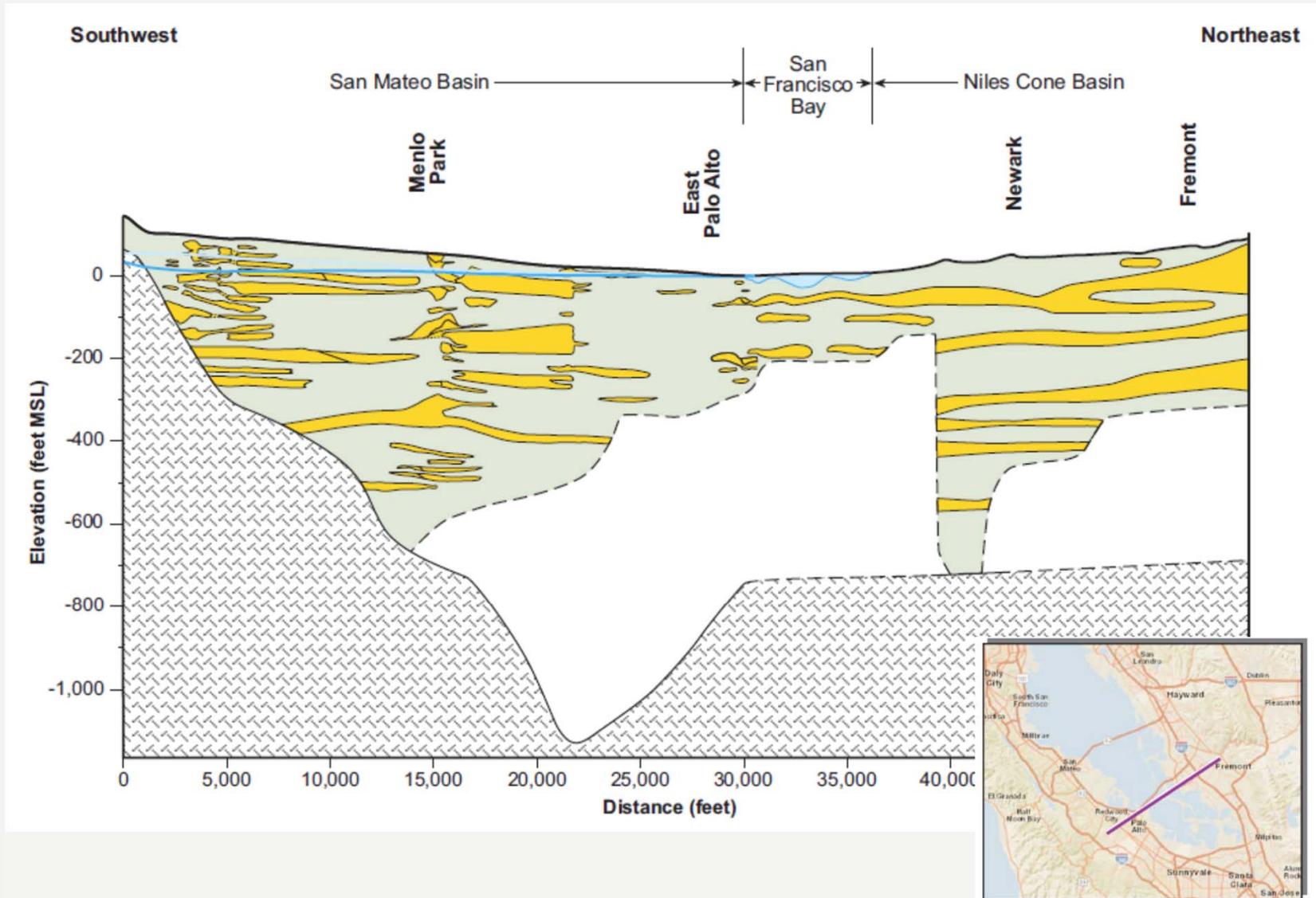
Eleanor Pardee Park Monitoring Well Cluster



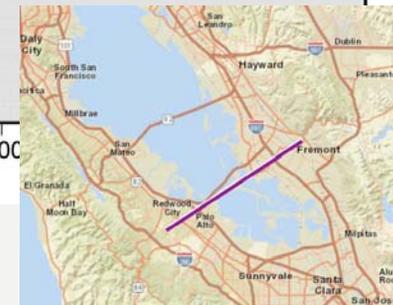
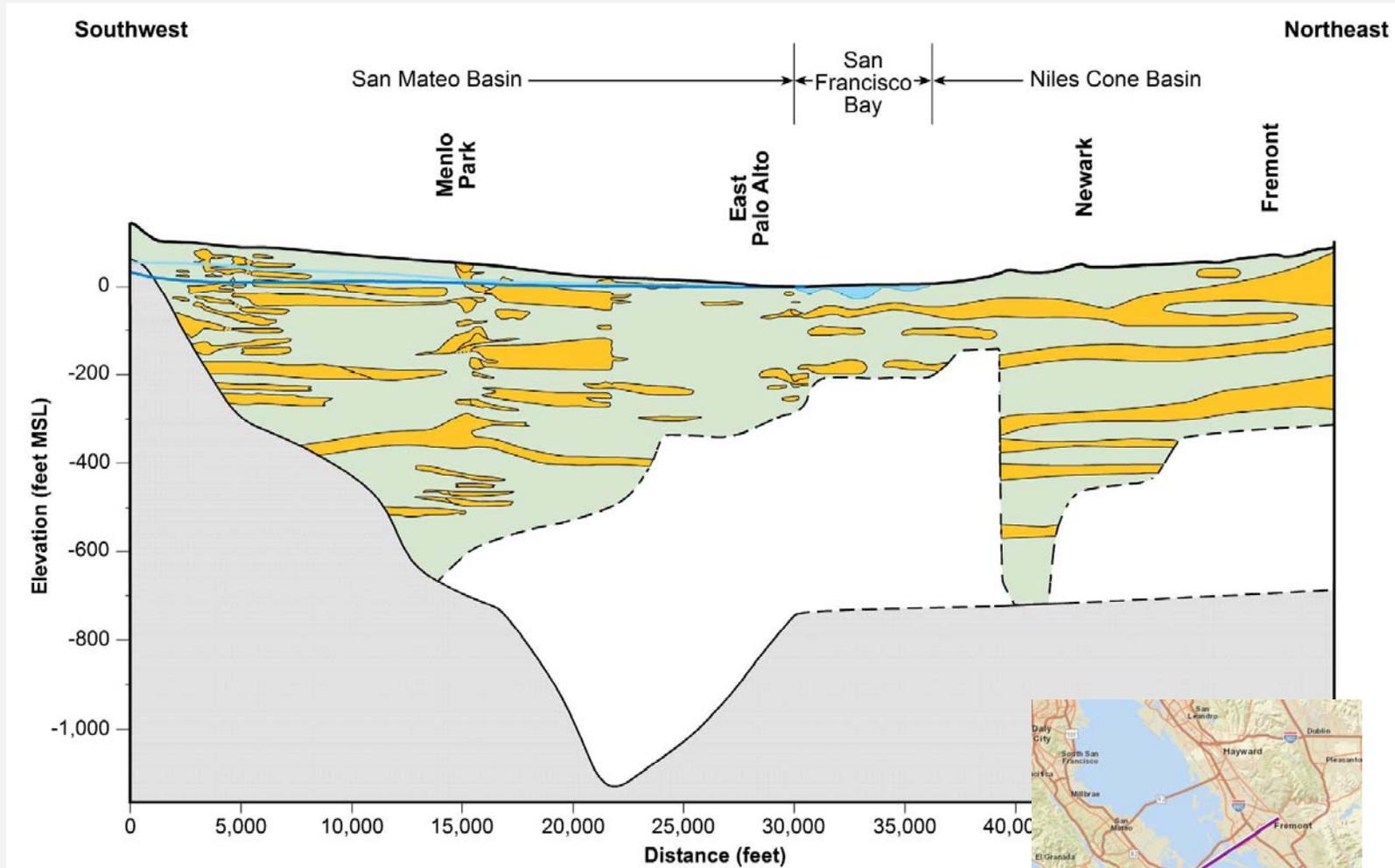
# SCHEMATIC CROSS SECTION: WESTSIDE, SAN MATEO AND SANTA CLARA BASINS

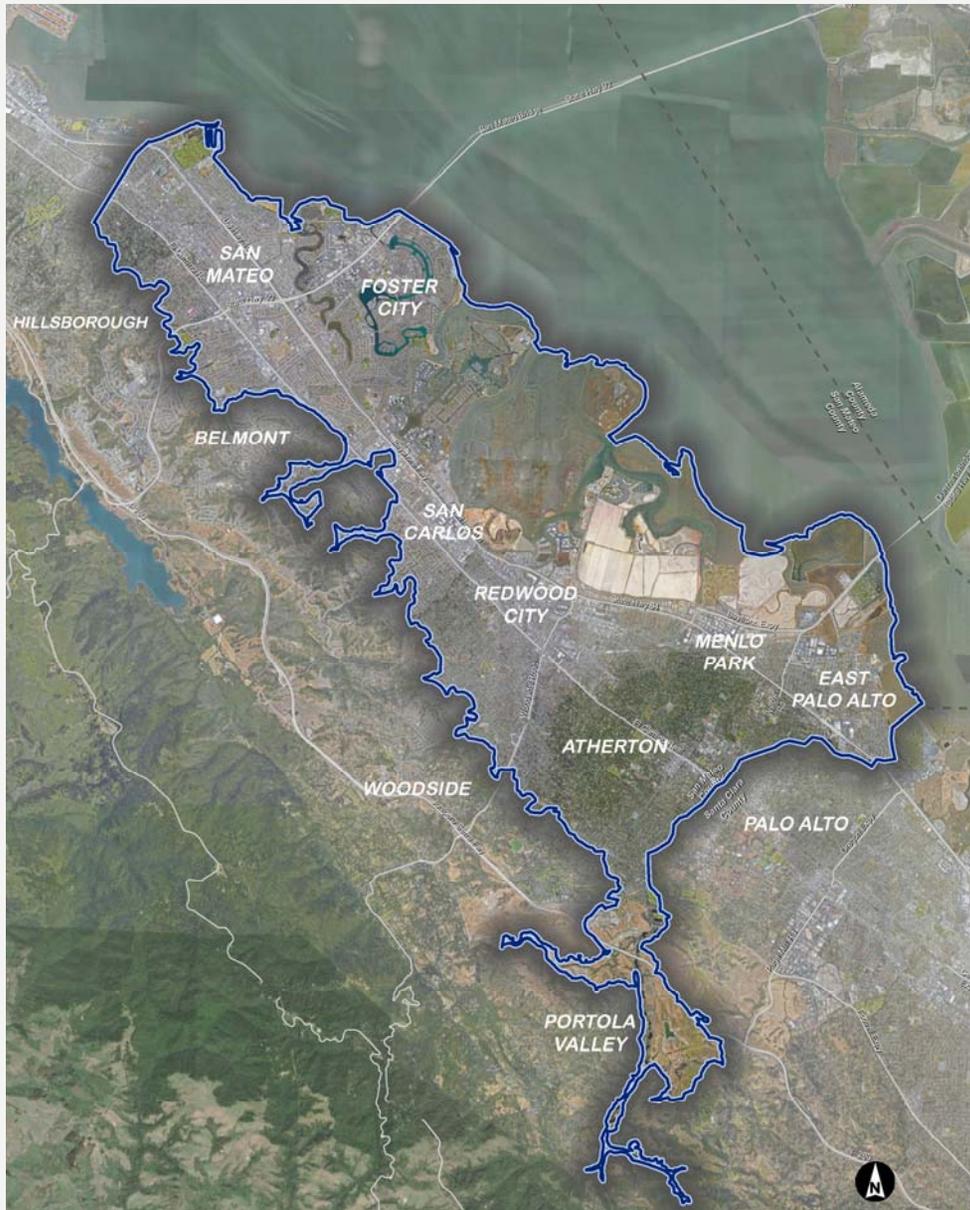


# SCHEMATIC CROSS SECTION: SAN MATEO TO NILES CONE BASINS



# SCHEMATIC CROSS SECTION: SAN MATEO TO NILES CONE BASINS





# BASIN WATER BALANCE

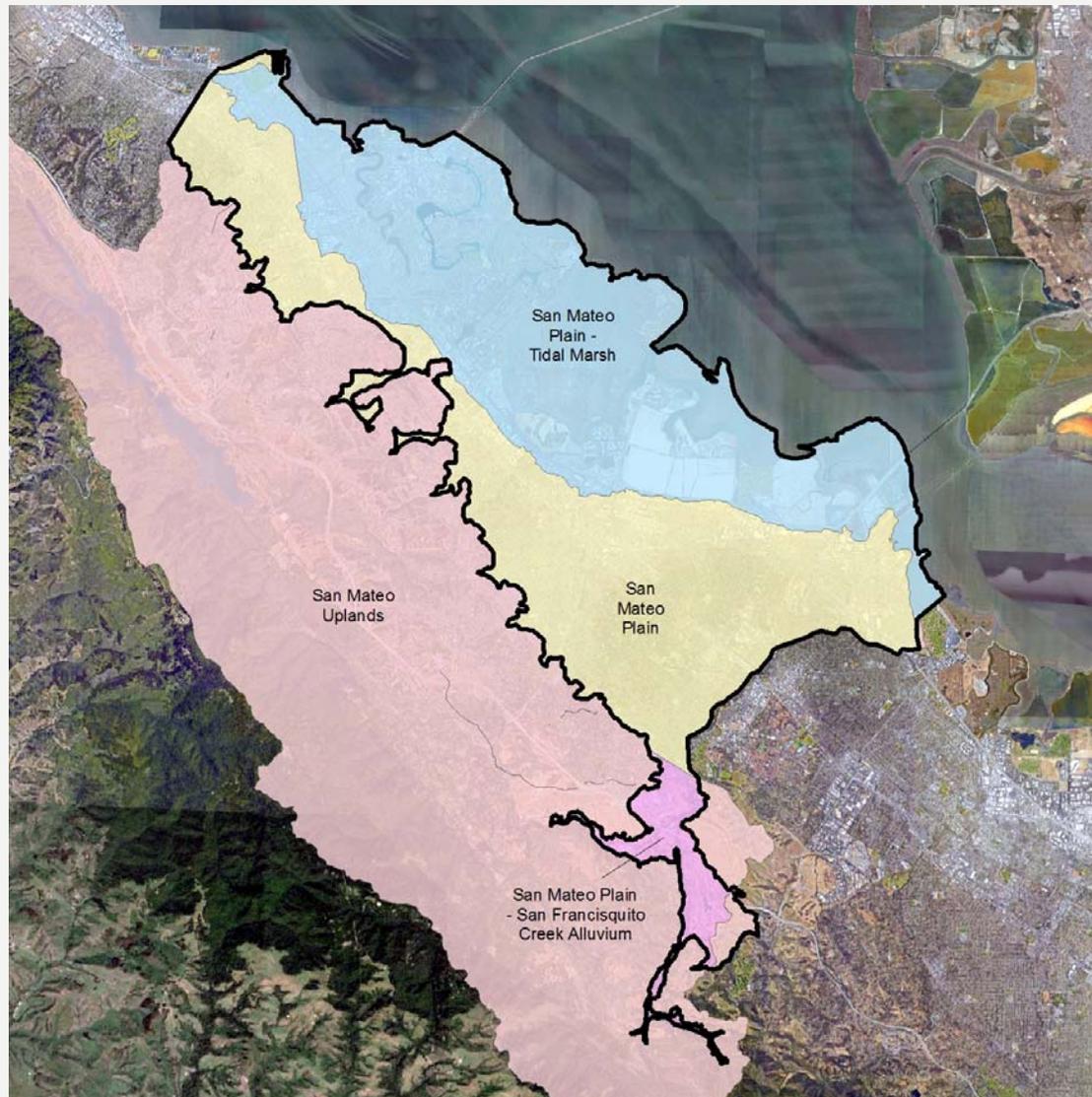


Eric A. Hoffmann, Inc.

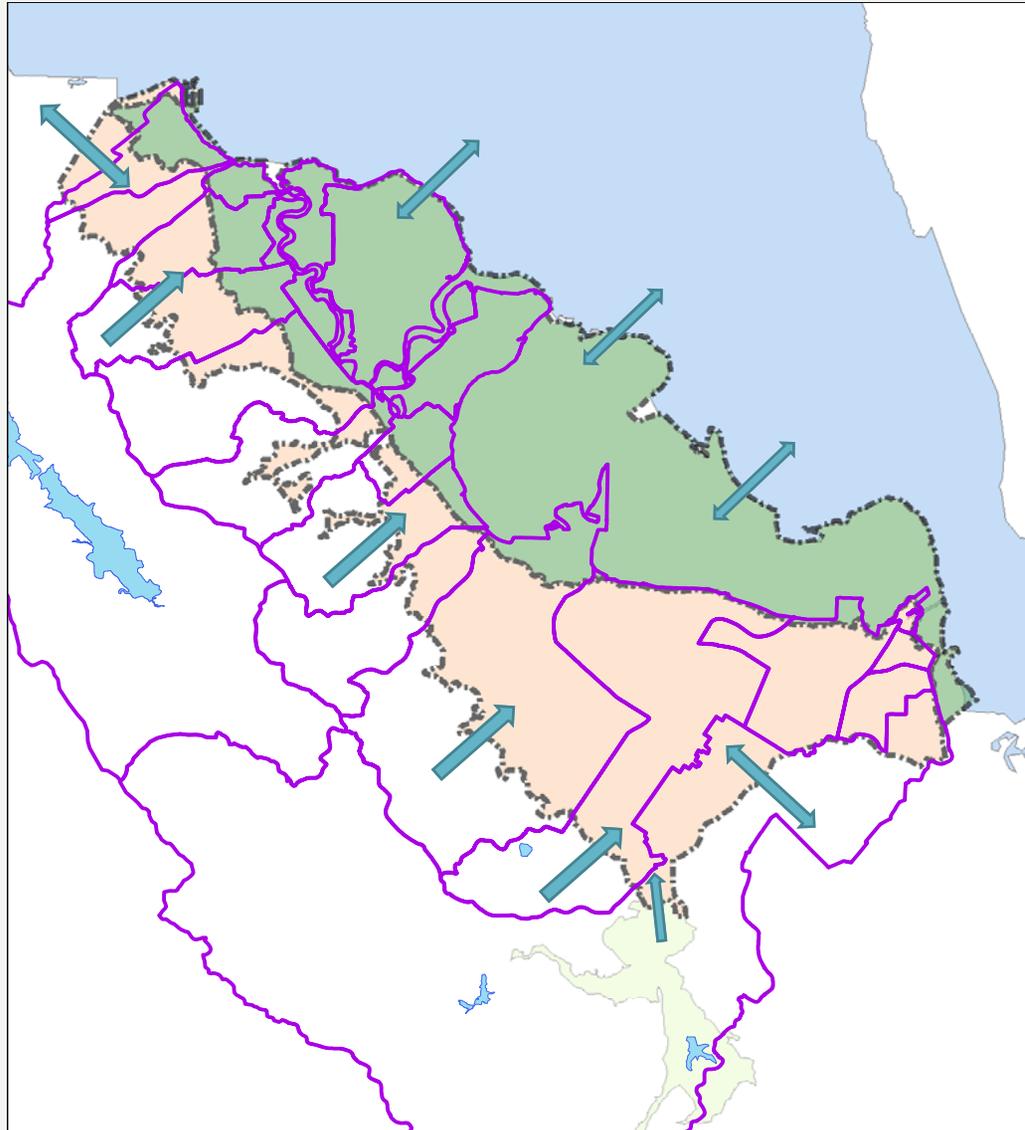
TODD GROUNDWATER

HYDROFOCUS Solutions for Land and Water Resources

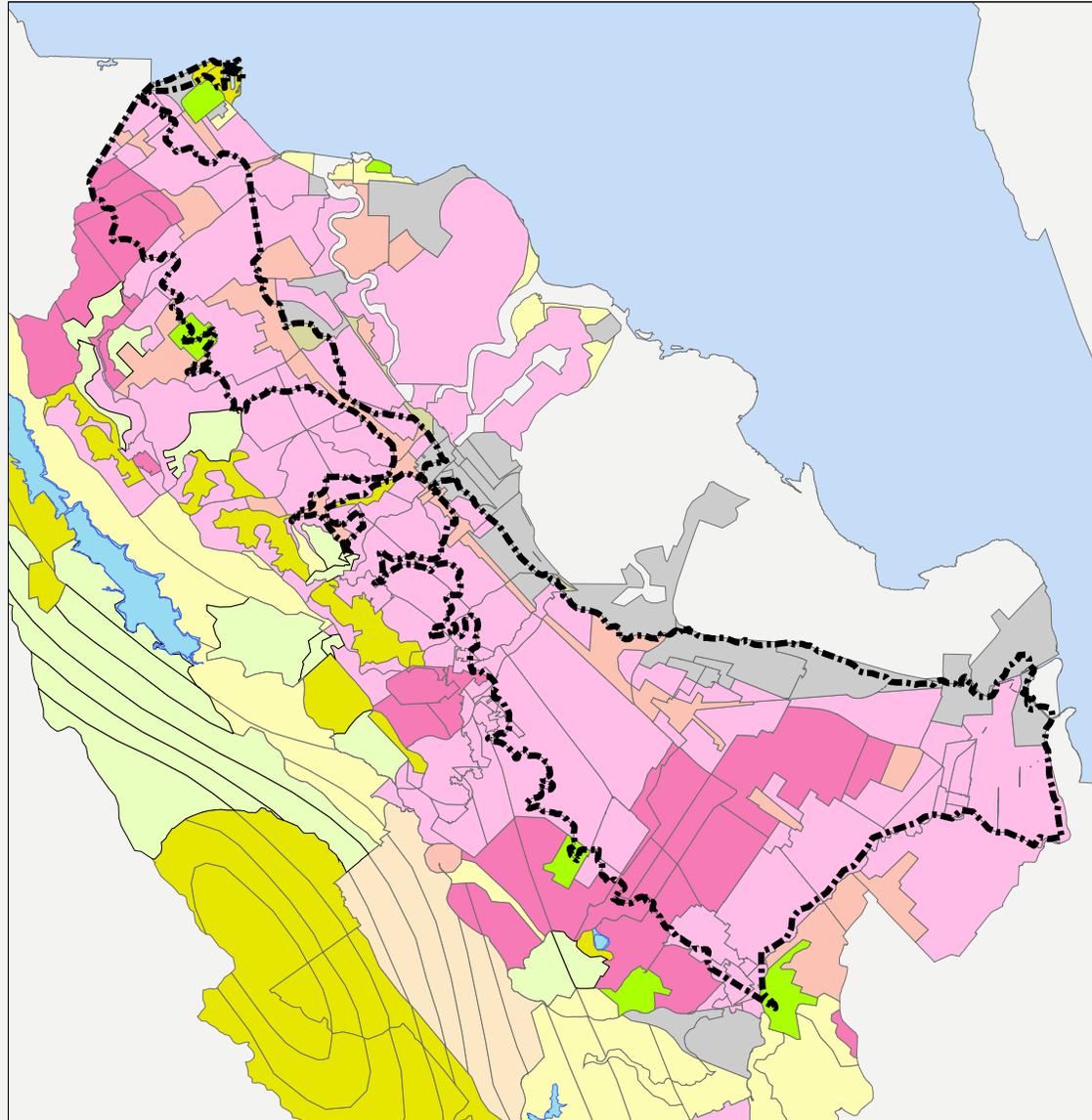
# WATER BALANCE ANALYSIS REGIONS



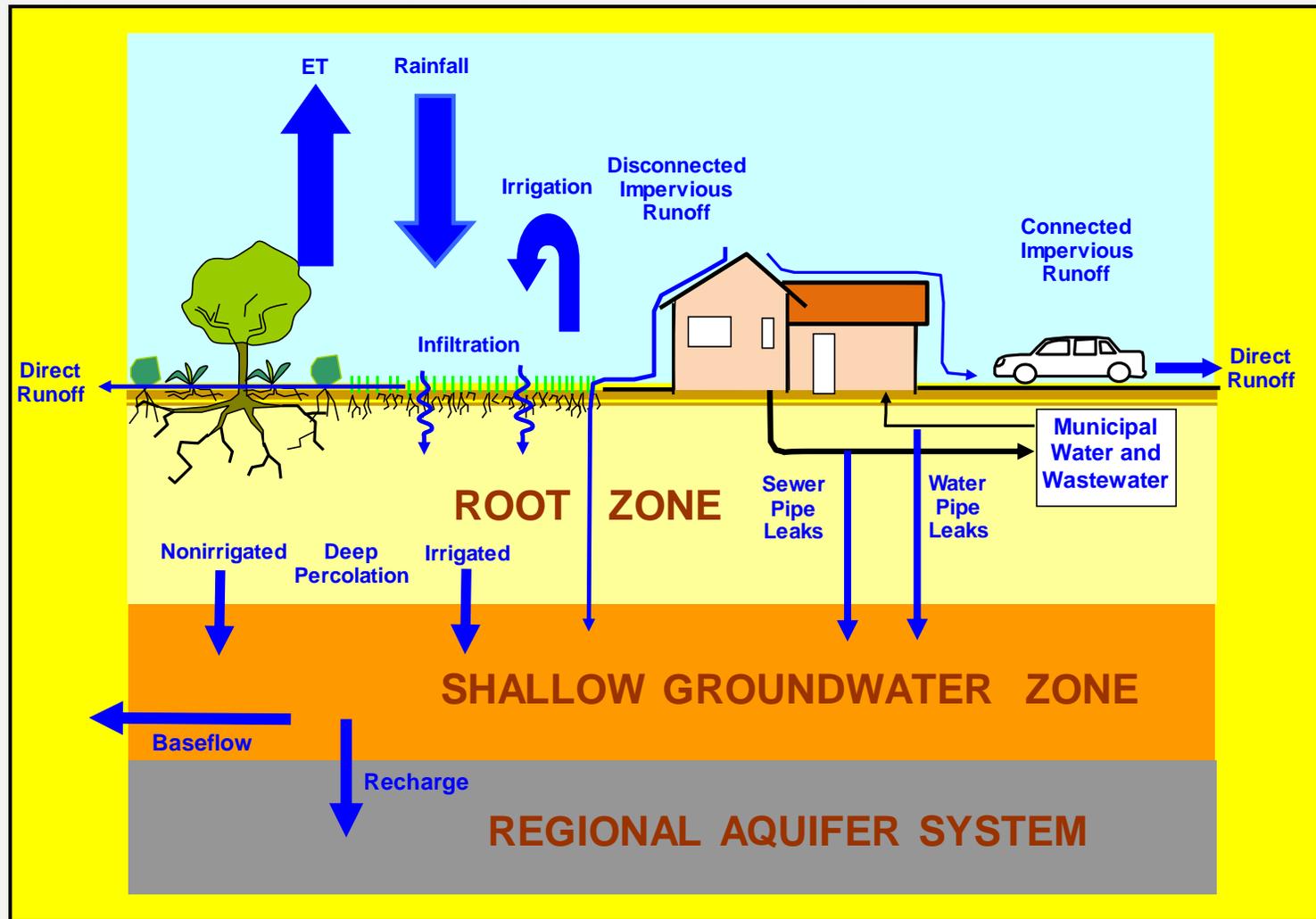
# WATERSHEDS AND BASIN BOUNDARIES



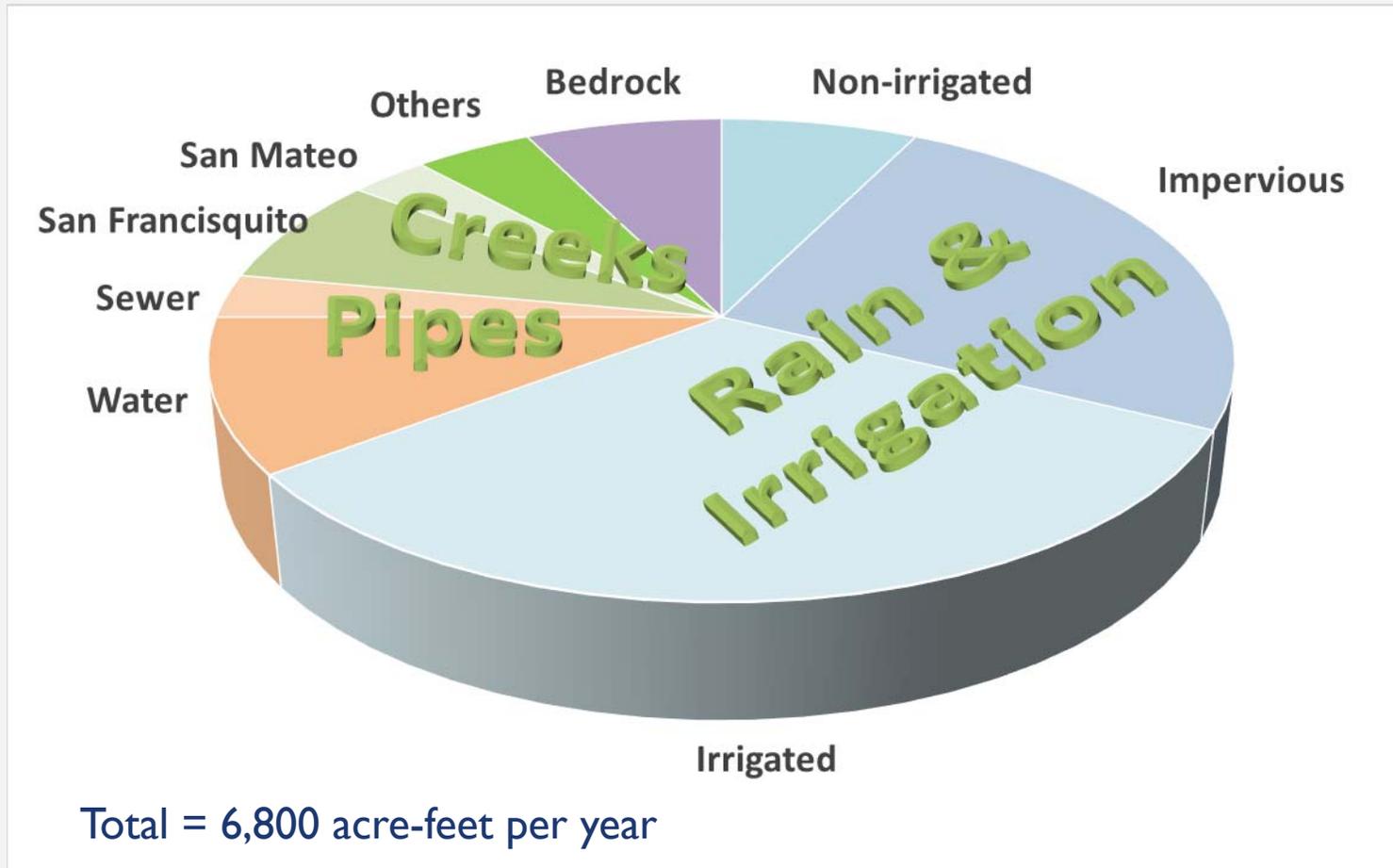
# LAND USE



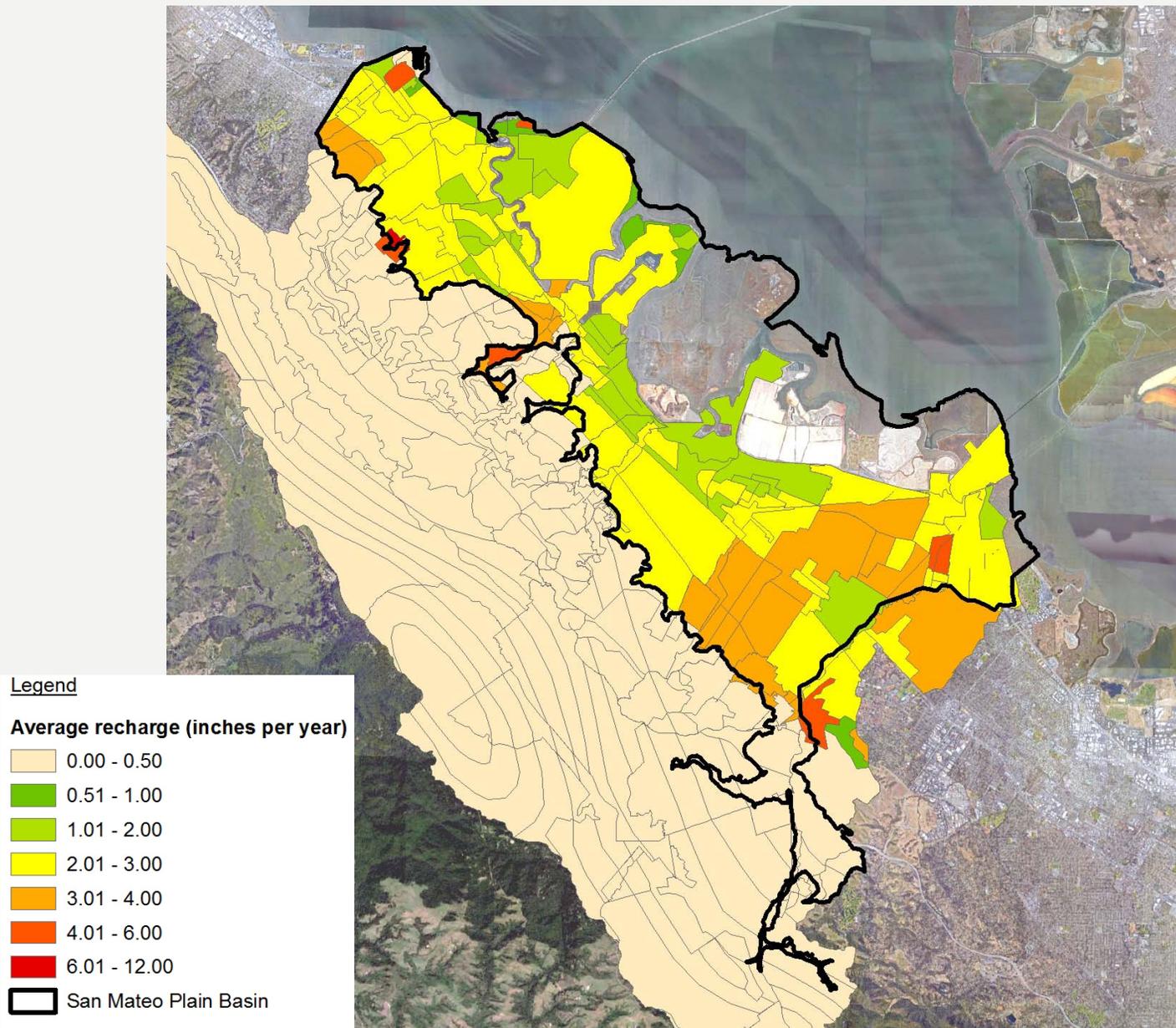
# URBAN HYDROLOGY



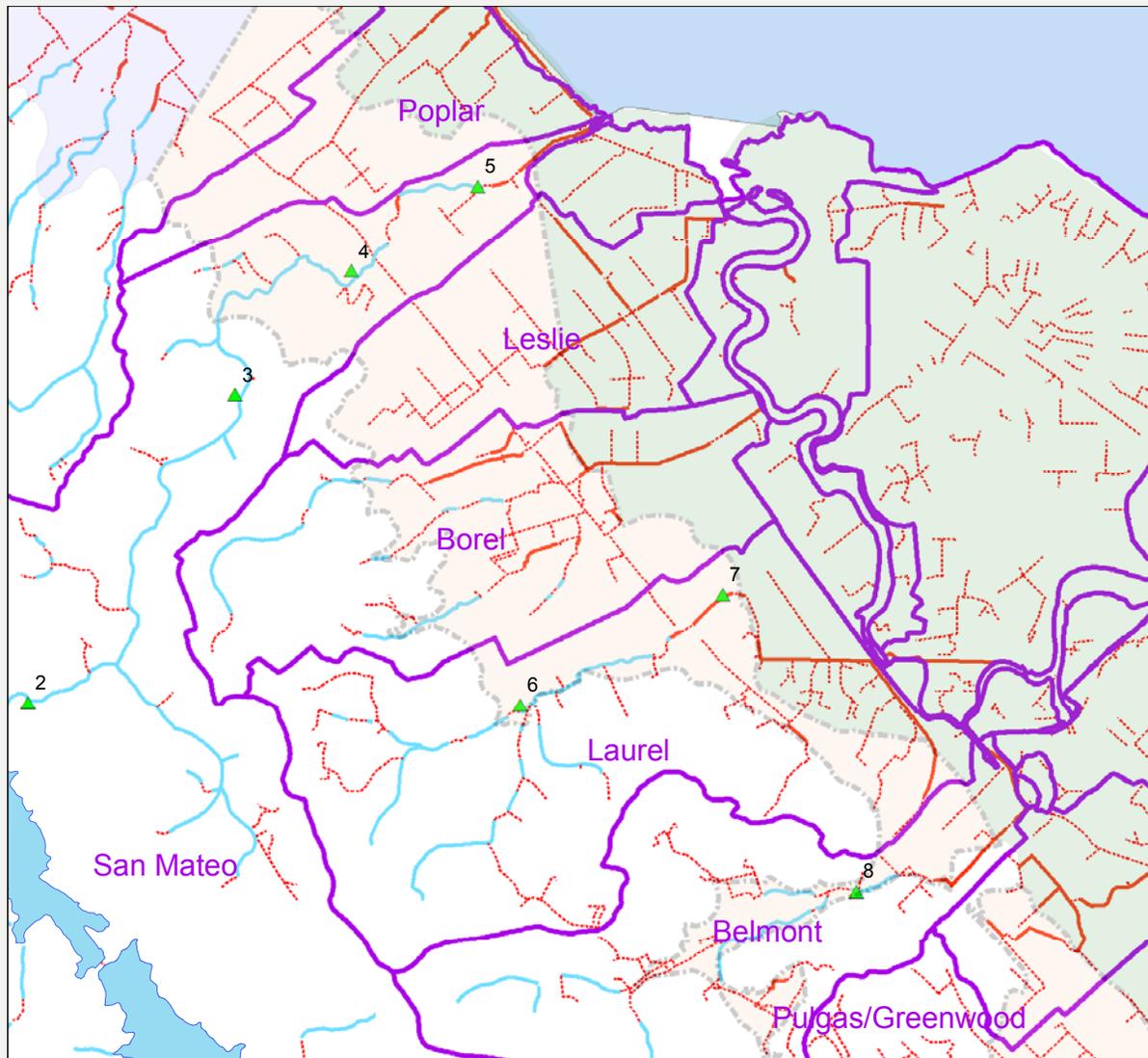
# BASIN INFLOWS



# DISPERSED RECHARGE

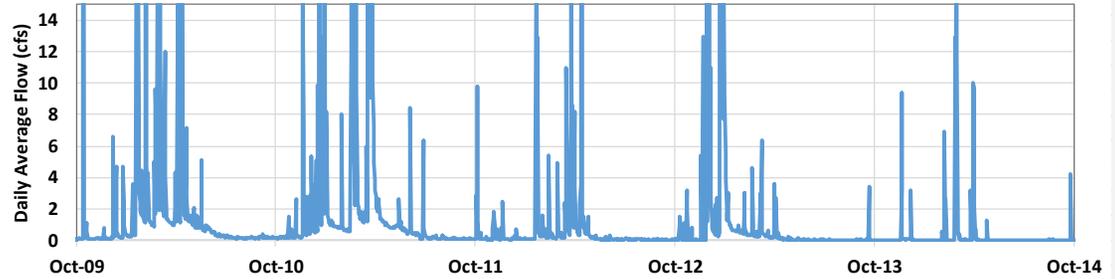


# WATERSHEDS AND CREEKS

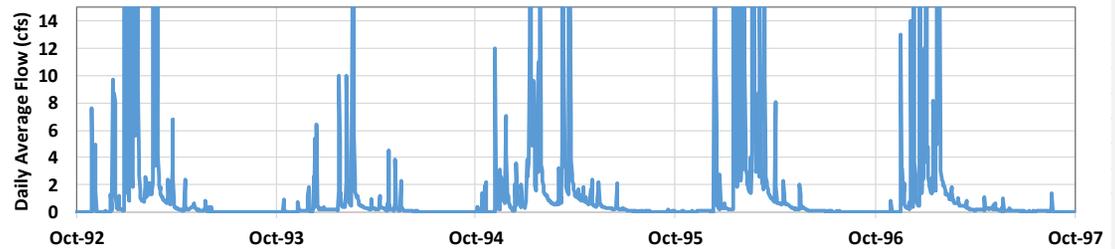


# LOW FLOWS IN FOUR SMALL GAGED STREAMS

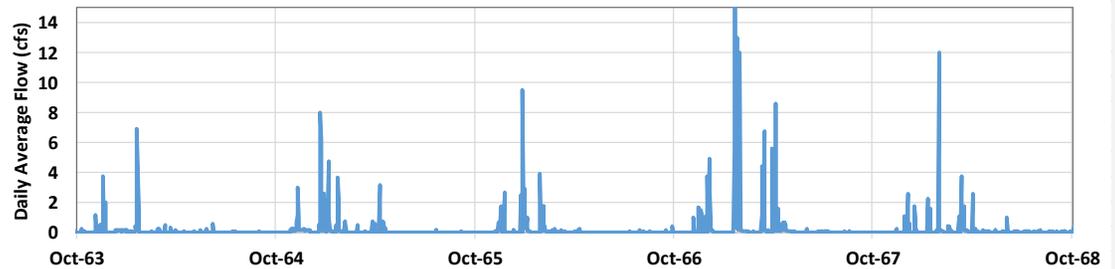
11166000 Matadero Creek



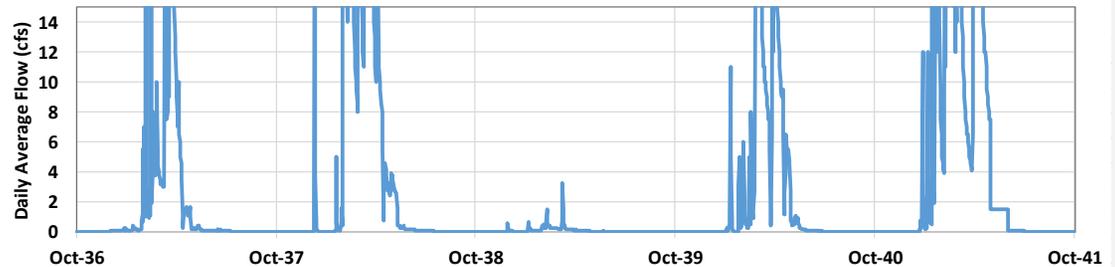
11162800 Redwood Creek



11162900 Sharon Creek



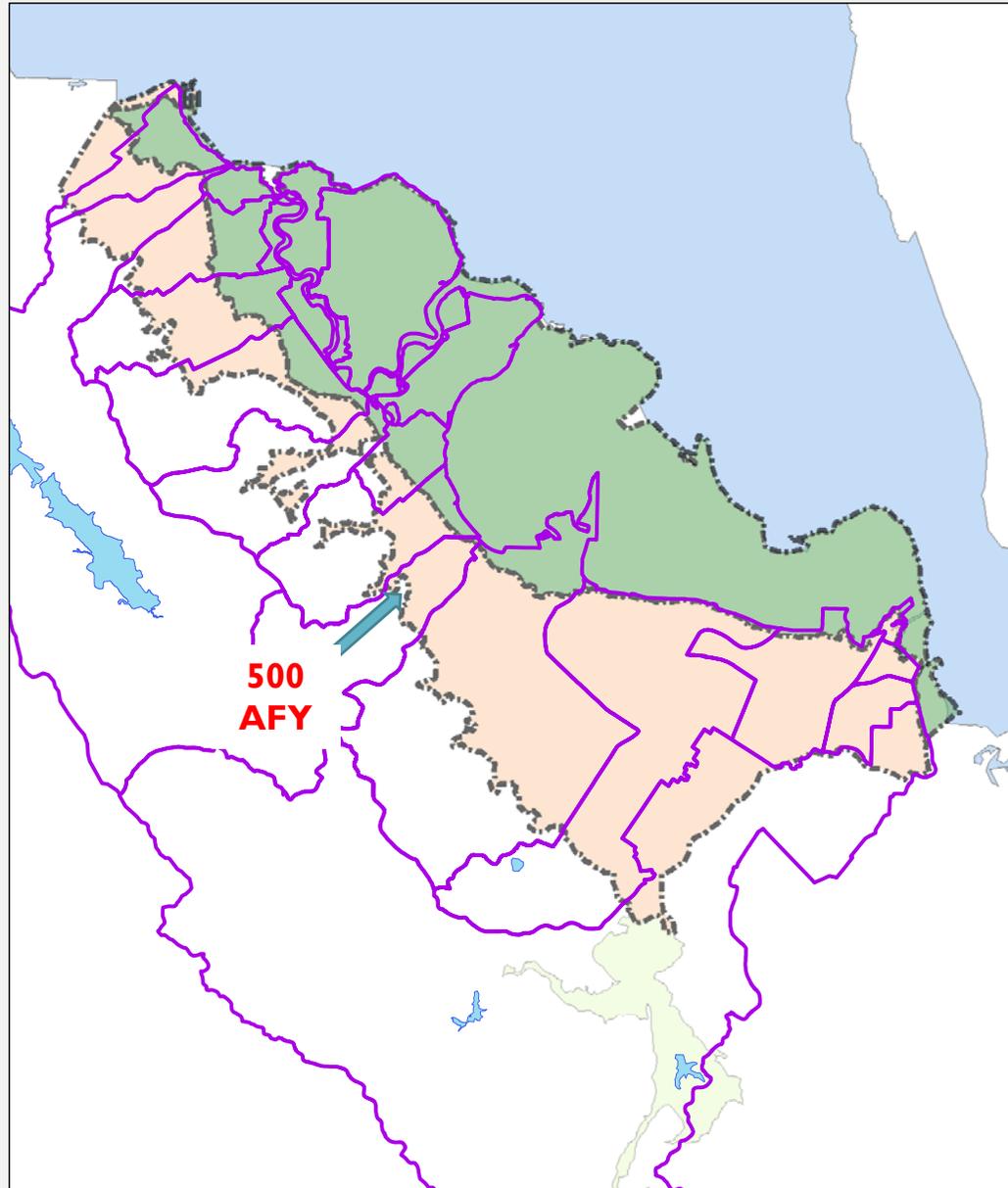
11163500 Los Trancos Creek



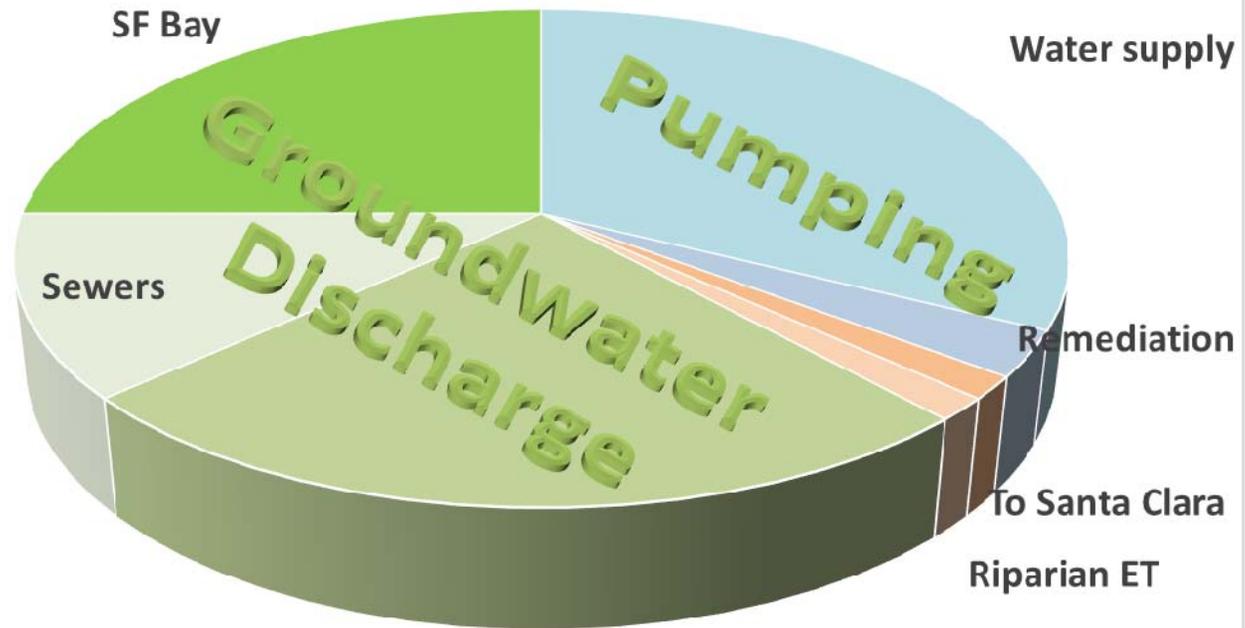
# ENGINEERED CREEK CHANNELS



# SUBSURFACE INFLOW

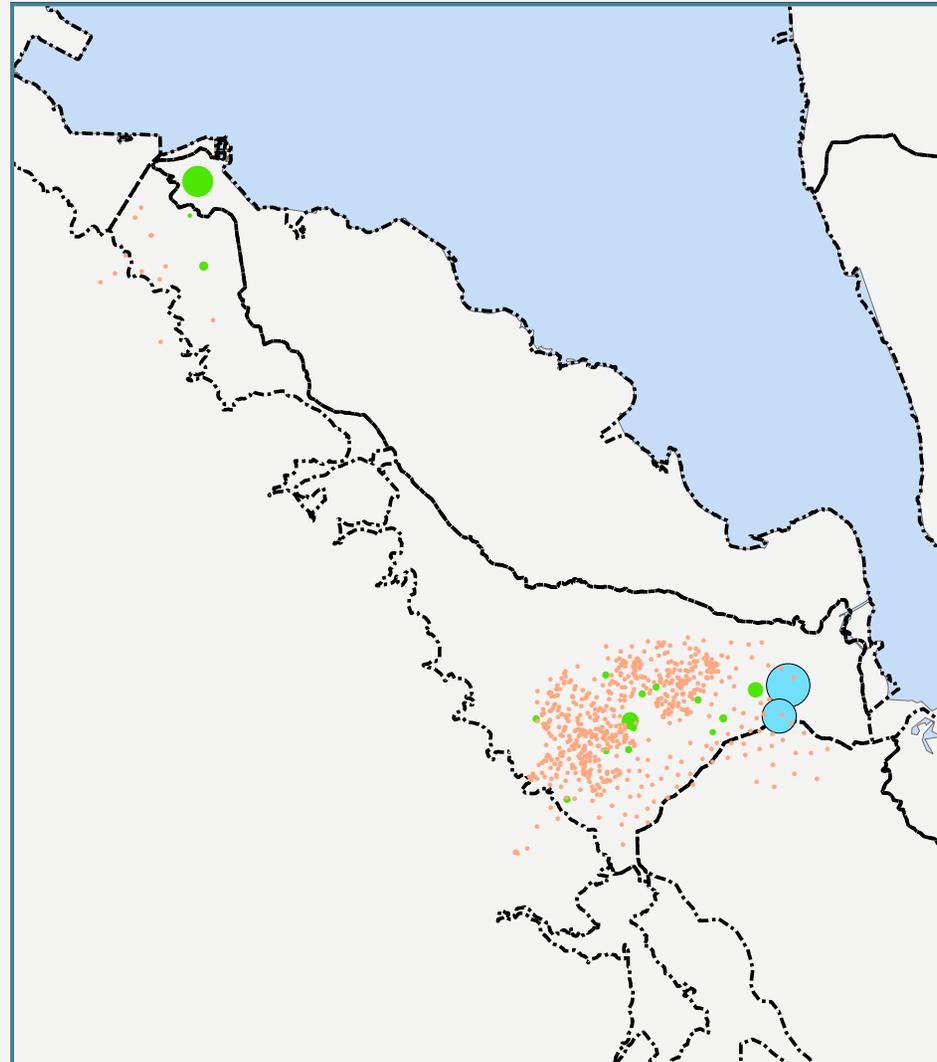
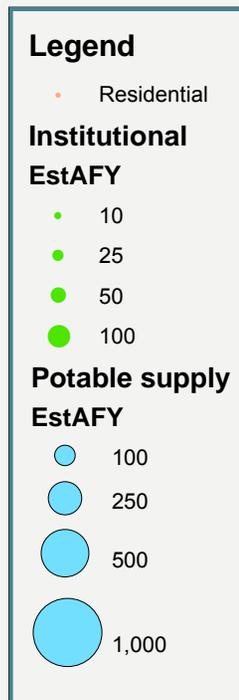


# OUTFLOWS

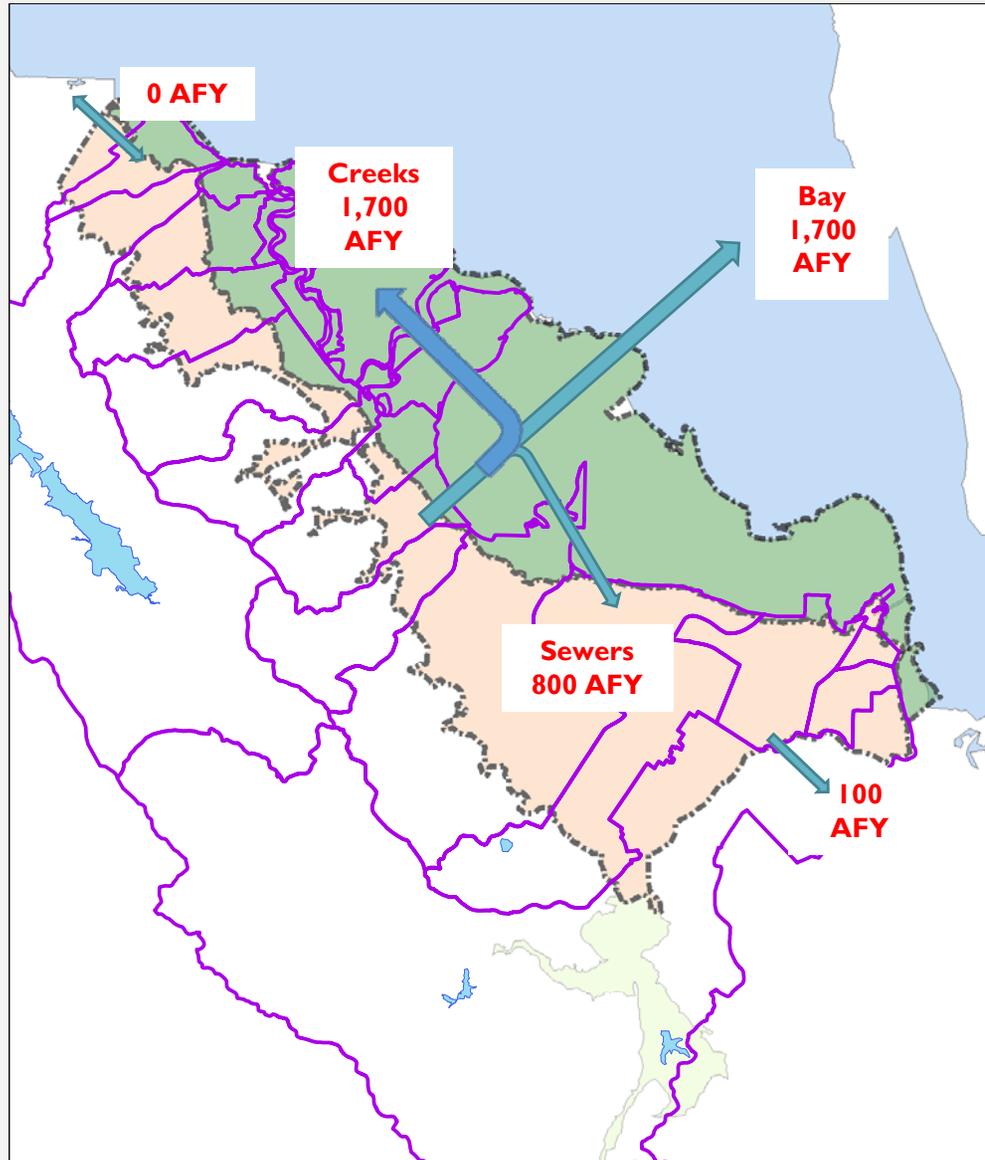


**Total = 6,800 acre-feet per year**

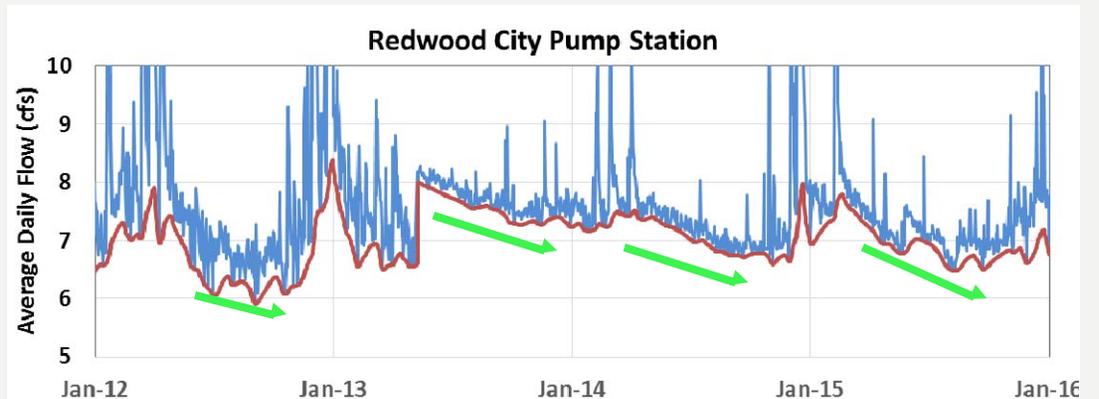
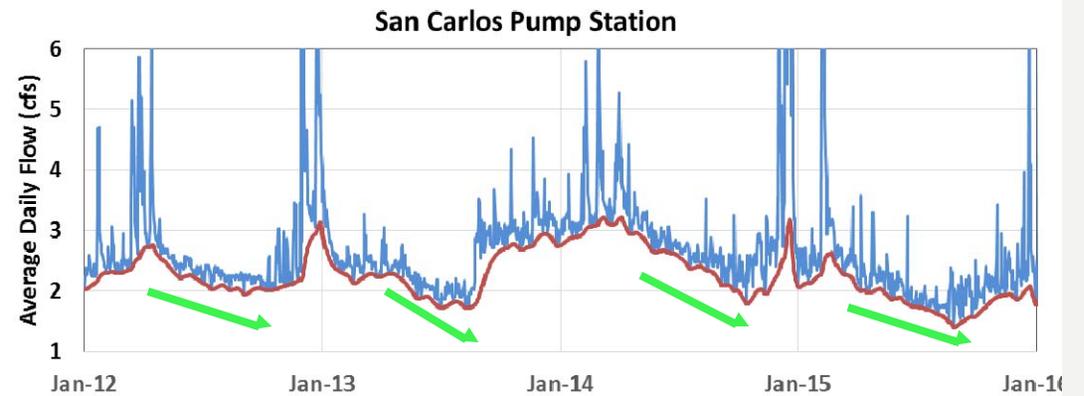
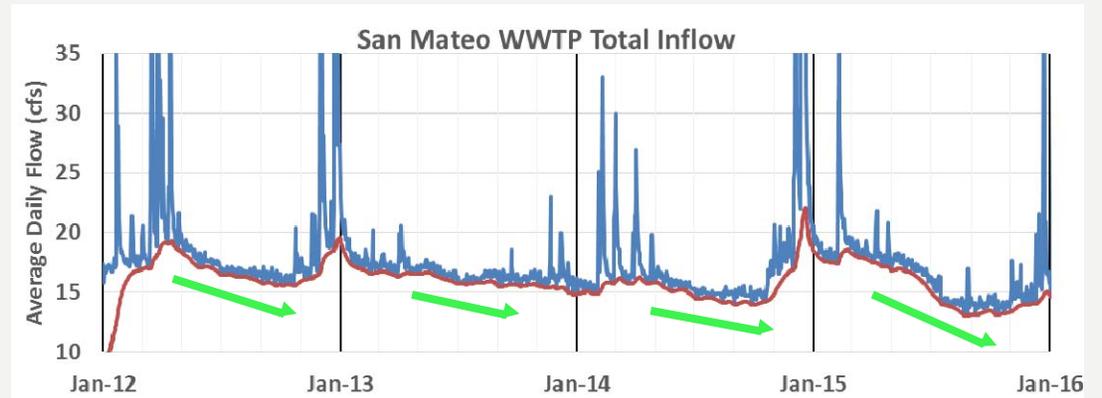
# ESTIMATED WATER SUPPLY PUMPING



# GROUNDWATER OUTFLOW TO CREEKS, SEWERS AND SF BAY

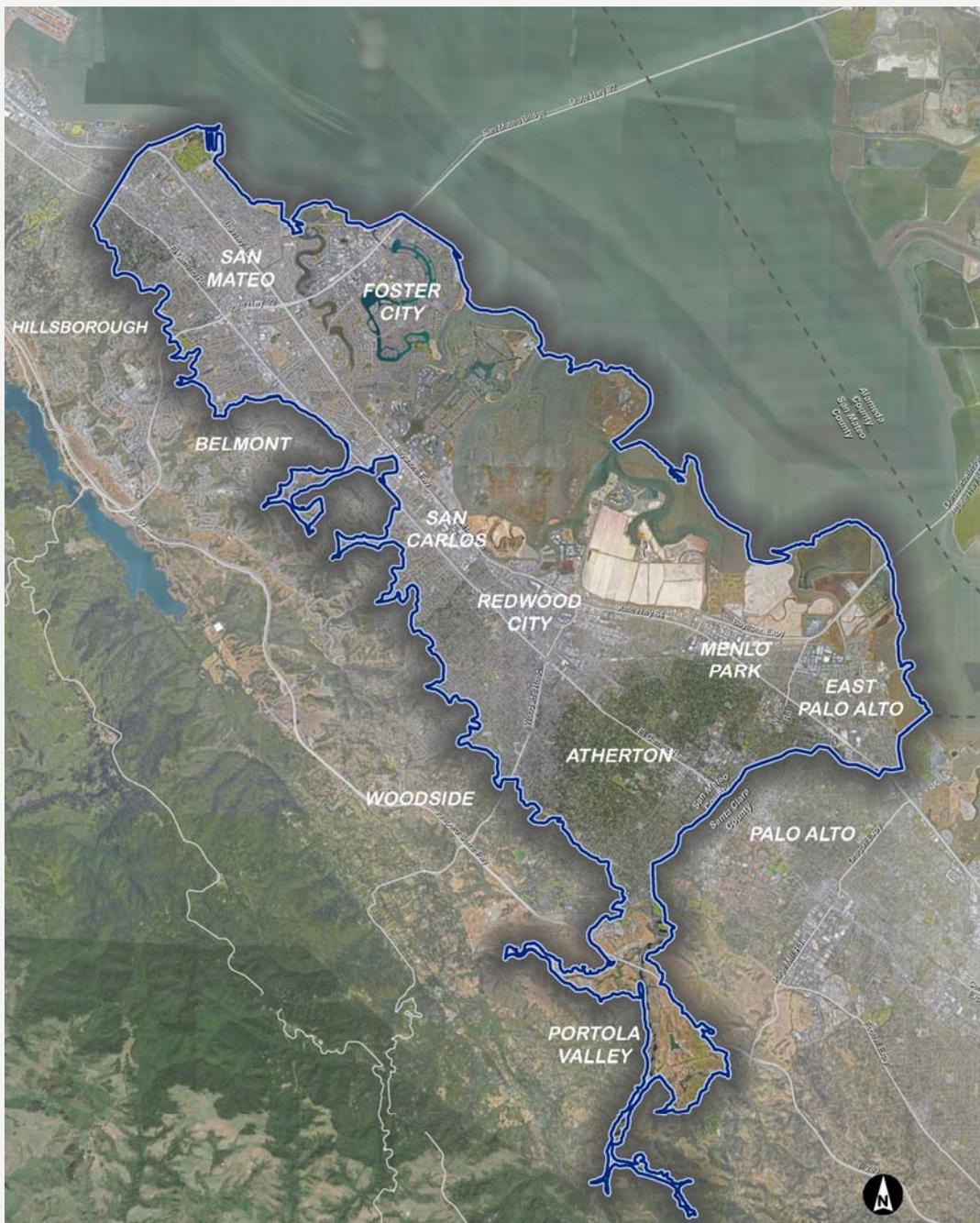


# SEWER FLOW HYDRO- GRAPHS



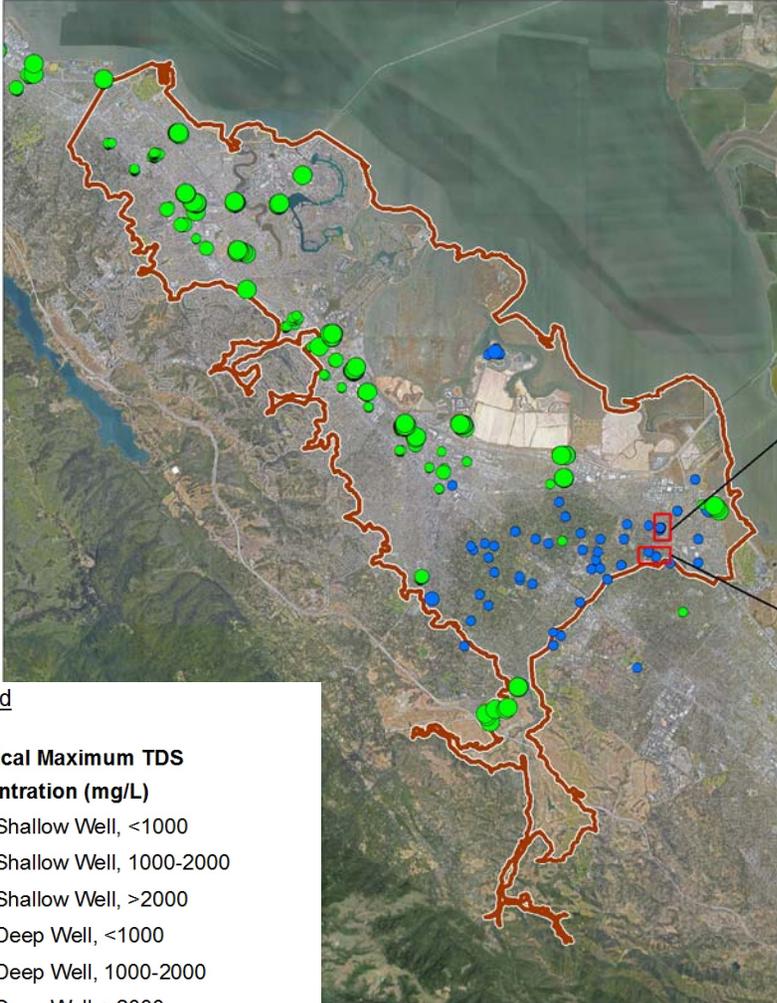
# BALANCED WATER BUDGET





# GROUND- WATER QUALITY

# TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS



## Legend

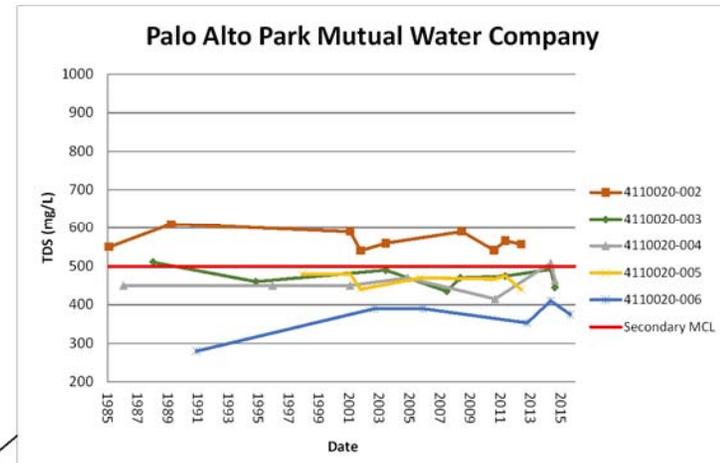
### Historical Maximum TDS Concentration (mg/L)

- Shallow Well, <1000
- Shallow Well, 1000-2000
- Shallow Well, >2000
- Deep Well, <1000
- Deep Well, 1000-2000
- Deep Well, >2000

  San Mateo Plain Basin

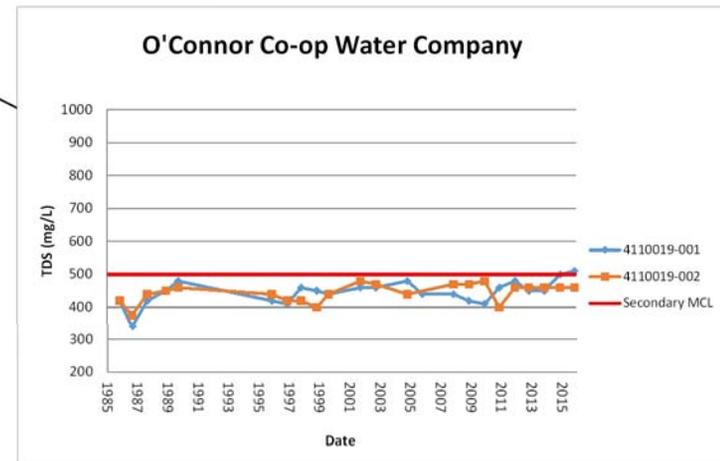
### Abbreviations:

TDS: Total Dissolved Solids  
 MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level  
 mg/L: milligrams per liter



### Palo Alto Park Mutual Screen Depths (ft bgs)

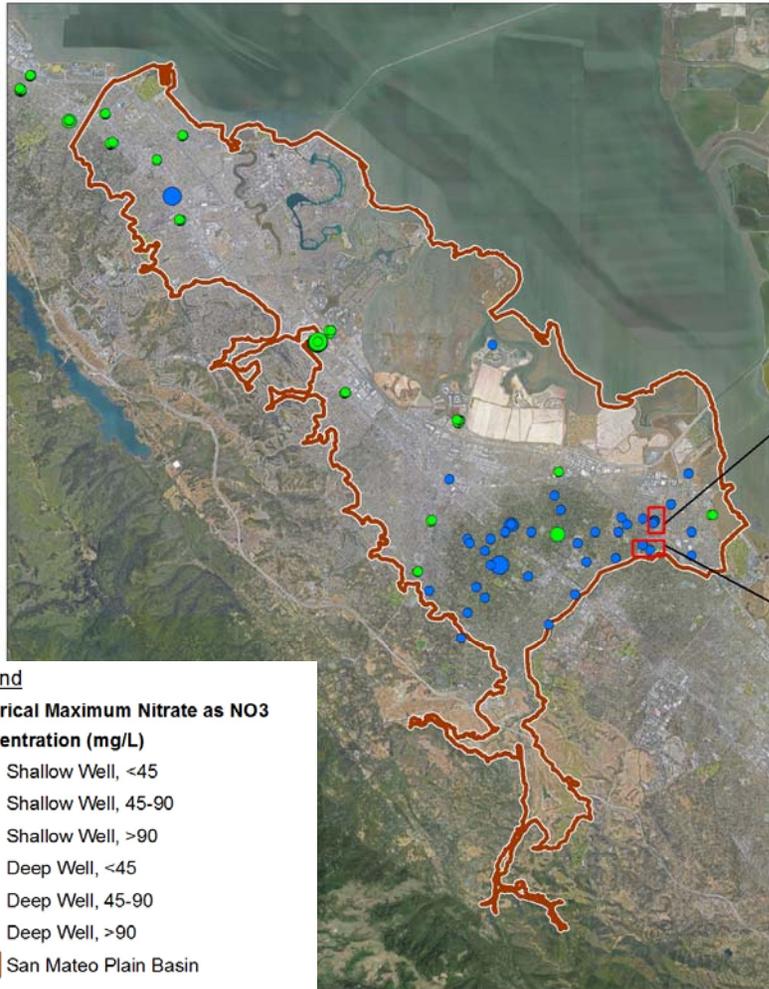
4110020-002: 60-67  
 4110020-003: 194-195, 219-235, 249-257, 269-285  
 4110020-004: 219-279  
 4110020-005: 247-251  
 4110020-006: 248-260, 290-300, 340-366, 378-388, 424-440



### O'Connor Co-op Water Company Screen Depths (ft bgs)

4110019-001: 181-372, 396-489, 508-532  
 4110019-002: 72-90, 172-178, 184-200, 217-223, 233-237, 242-245, 252-265, 282-291

# NITRATE



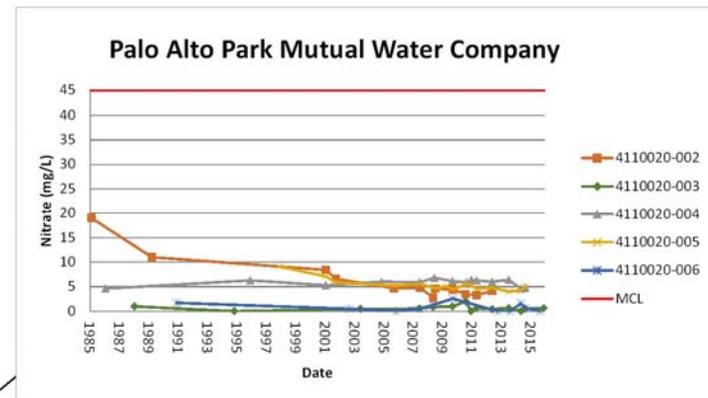
**Legend**

**Historical Maximum Nitrate as NO<sub>3</sub> Concentration (mg/L)**

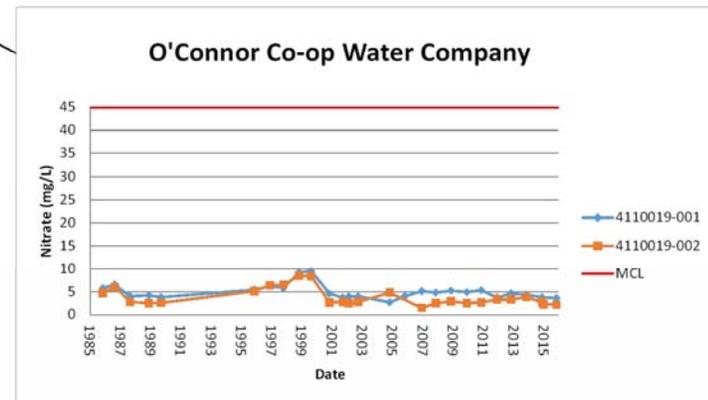
- Shallow Well, <45
- Shallow Well, 45-90
- Shallow Well, >90
- Deep Well, <45
- Deep Well, 45-90
- Deep Well, >90
- San Mateo Plain Basin

Abbreviations:  
MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level  
mg/L: milligrams per liter

\*Non-Detect values plotted as 0 mg/L

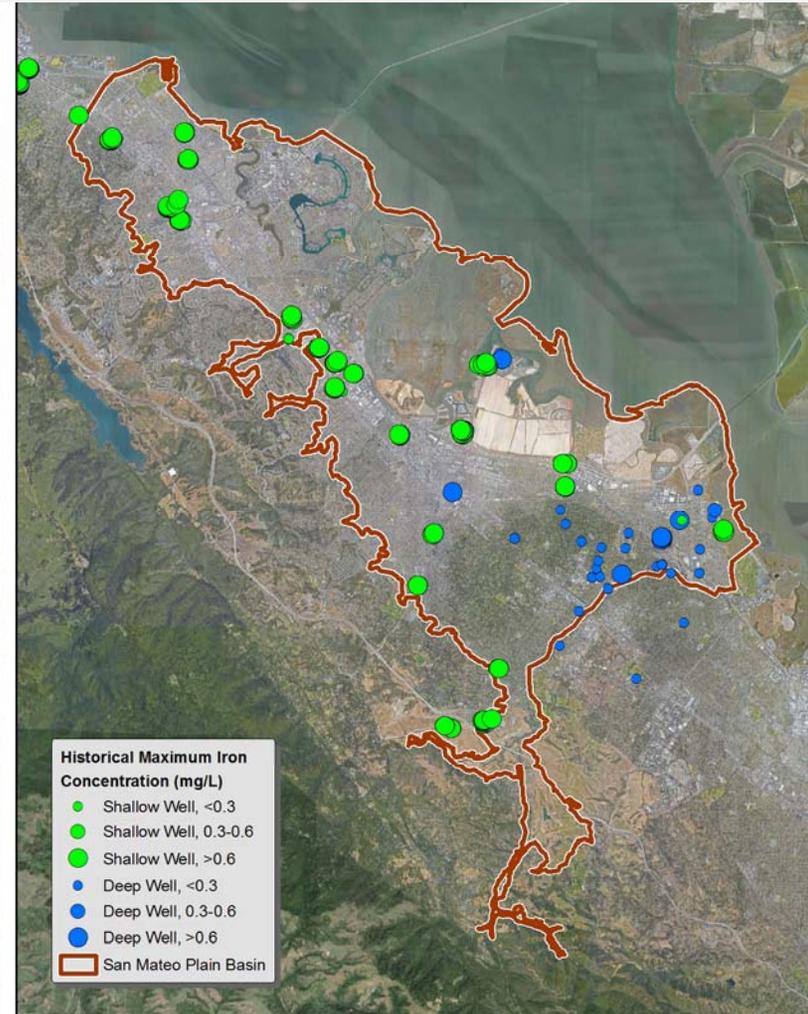
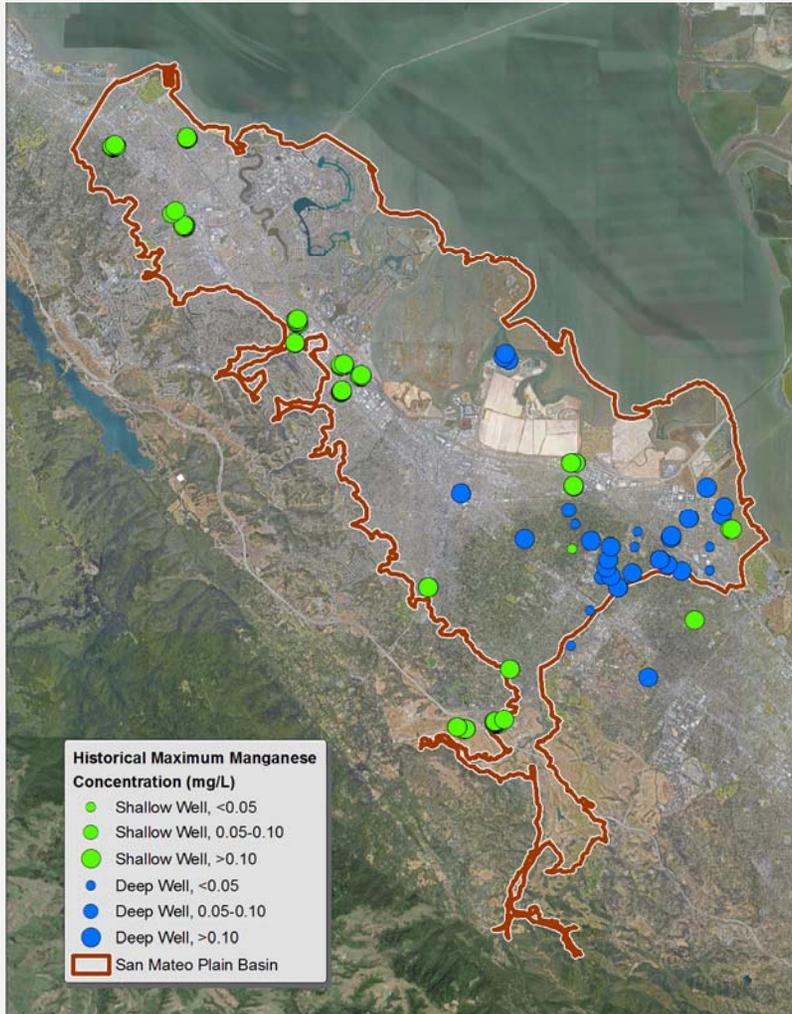


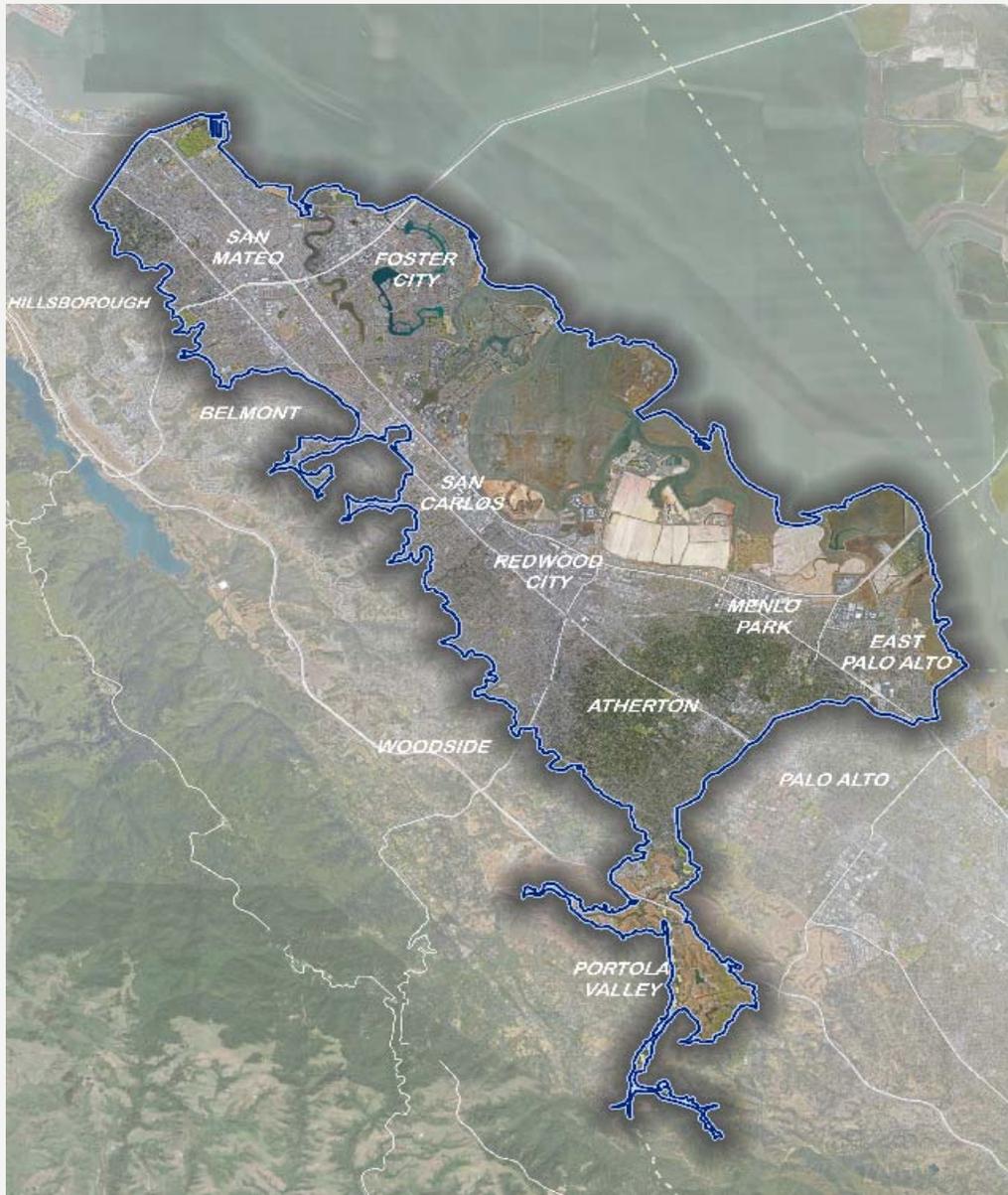
Palo Alto Park Mutual Screen Depths (ft bgs)  
4110020-002: 60-67  
4110020-003: 194-195, 219-235, 249-257, 269-285  
4110020-004: 219-279  
4110020-005: 247-251  
4110020-006: 248-260, 290-300, 340-366, 378-388, 424-440



O'Connor Co-op Water Company Screen Depths (ft bgs)  
4110019-001: 181-372, 396-489, 508-532  
4110019-002: 72-90, 172-178, 184-200, 217-223, 233-237, 242-245, 252-265, 282-291

# IRON AND MANGANESE





# EVALUATION OF POTENTIAL UNDESIRABLE RESULTS

# EVALUATION OF POTENTIAL “UNDESIRABLE RESULTS”

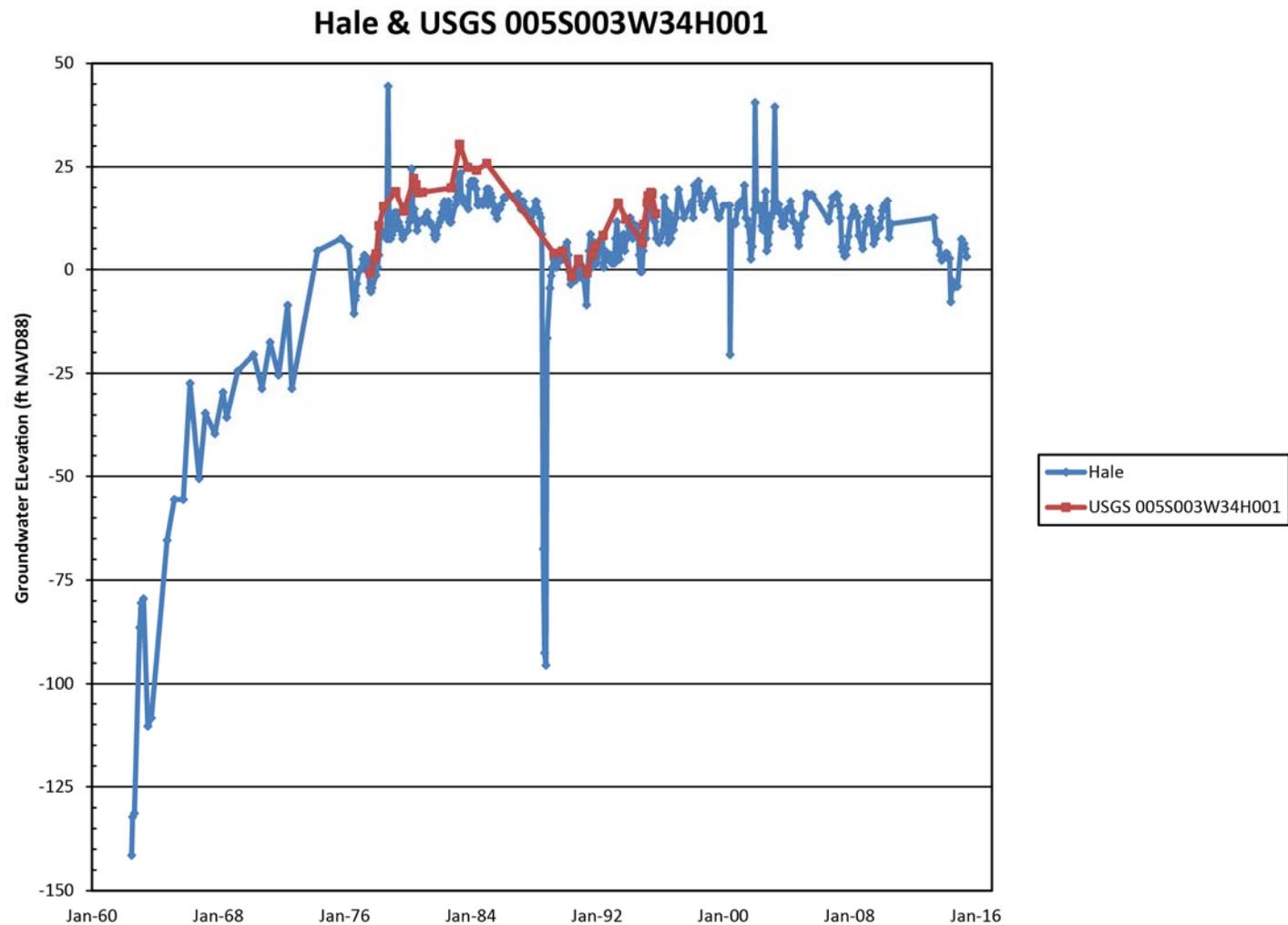


- Changes to the Basin Water Balance from Increased Pumping and/or Decreased Recharge
  - Declining groundwater levels
  - Decreased water in storage in basin
  - Land subsidence
  - Salt water intrusion
  - Impacts to interconnected surface water
- Other potential “Undesirable Results/Effects” to Basin Water Quality
  - Salt and nutrient loading
  - Point-source contamination sites
  - Cross-contamination between Shallow and Deep Aquifers
  - Sea level rise

# EVIDENCE OF HISTORICAL UNDESIRABLE RESULTS

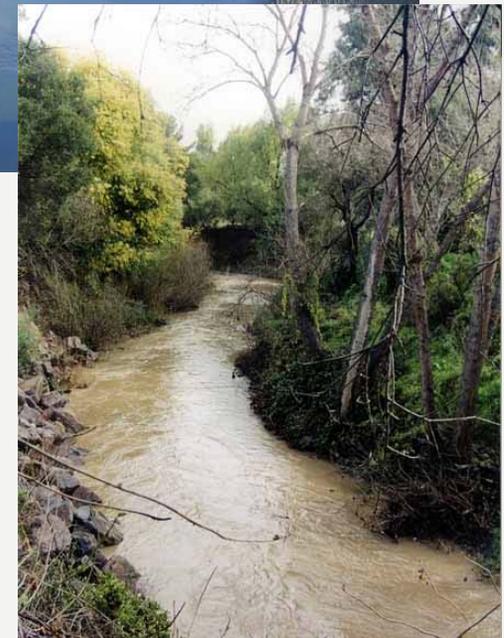
- Groundwater pumping from San Francisquito Cone & adjacent basins in first half of 20<sup>th</sup> century caused:
  - Lowering of water table
    - Average decline of 10 ft/yr between 1923 and 1926
    - Water level in the Hale Well in Palo Alto was about 150 ft lower in 1960 than in recent years
  - Up to 2 feet of subsidence measured in East Palo Alto (Poland and Ireland, 1988)
  - Saltwater intrusion
    - Chloride concentrations peaked in two Palo Alto wells in 1962 (Hale well) and 1972 (Rinconada well)
    - “Ravenswood Wells” in East Palo Alto

# BASIN CONDITIONS HAVE IMPROVED AND STABILIZED



# INTERCONNECTED SURFACE WATERS

- Unlined portions of creeks within the Basin provide habitat for flora and fauna
- Degree of connectivity to the groundwater system is variable and not well understood
- Proximity to surface streams an important consideration for future well siting



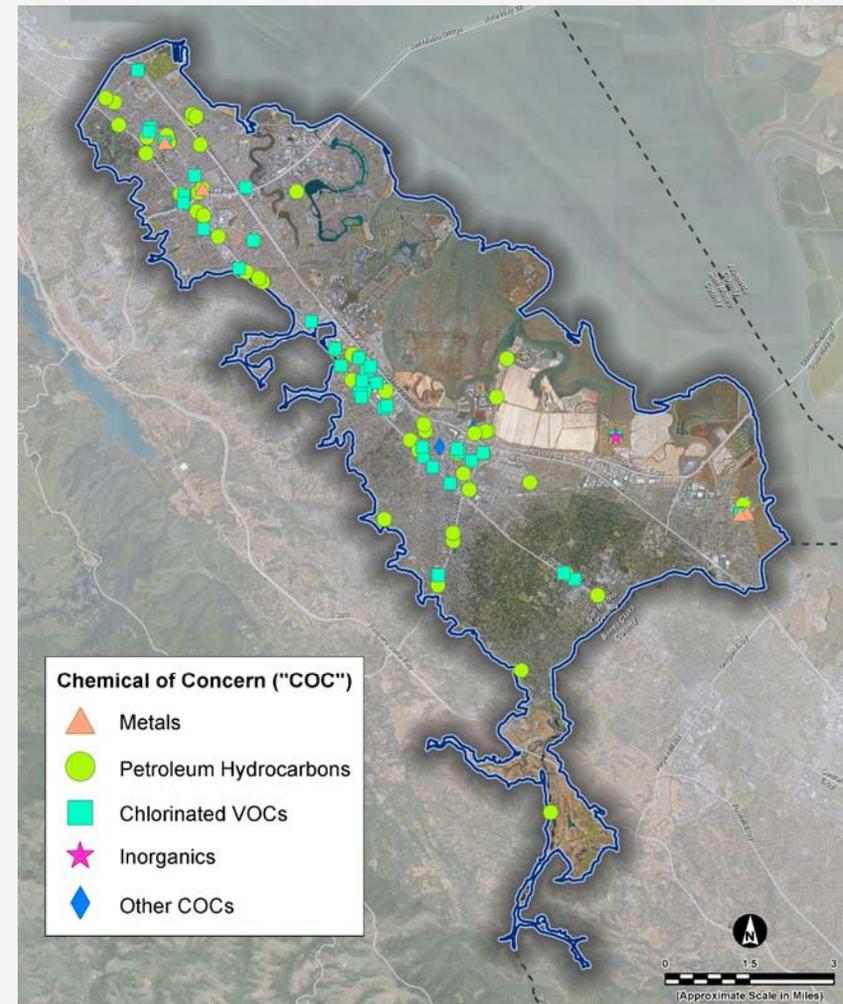
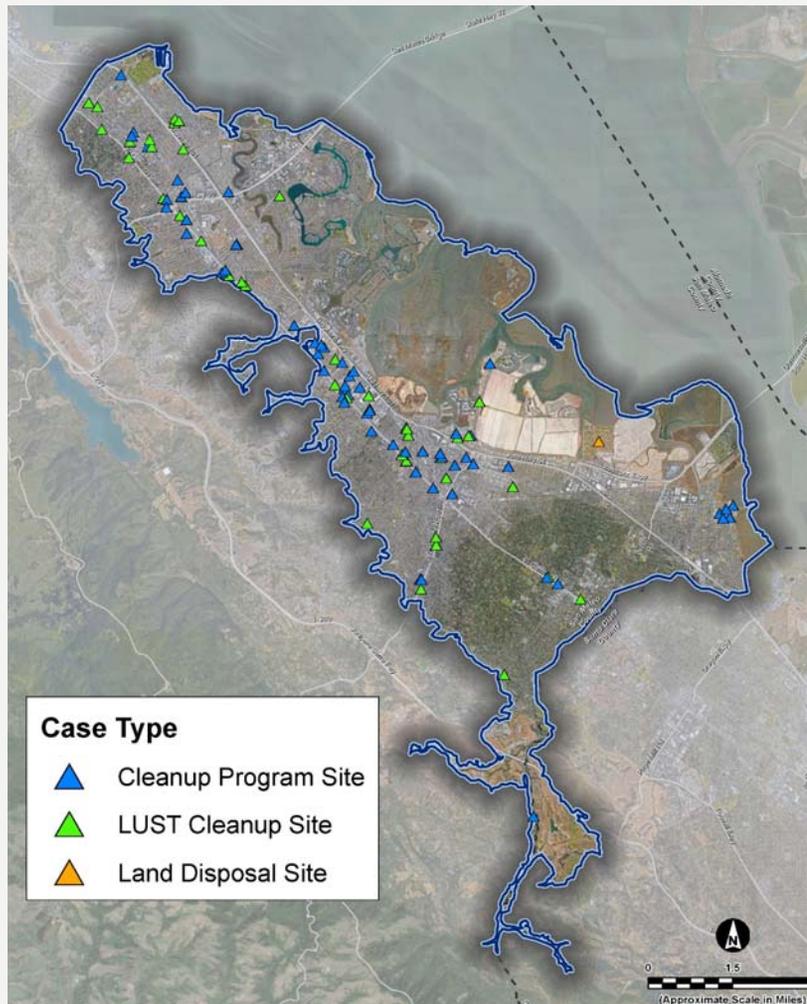
# POINT SOURCE CONTAMINATION SITES AFFECTING GROUNDWATER

- Leaking Underground Storage Tank Sites (e.g., gas stations)
- Cleanup Program Sites (e.g., dry cleaners, other industrial facilities)
- Land Disposal Sites

**Table 14. Summary of Point Source Contamination Sites by Type and Open/Closed Status**

<b>Site Type</b>	<b>Open Sites</b>	<b>Closed Sites</b>	<b>Total</b>
Cleanup Program Sites	100	80	180
Leaking Underground Storage Tank (“LUST”) Cleanup Sites	43	524	567
Land Disposal Sites	4	—	4
<b>Total</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>604</b>	<b>751</b>

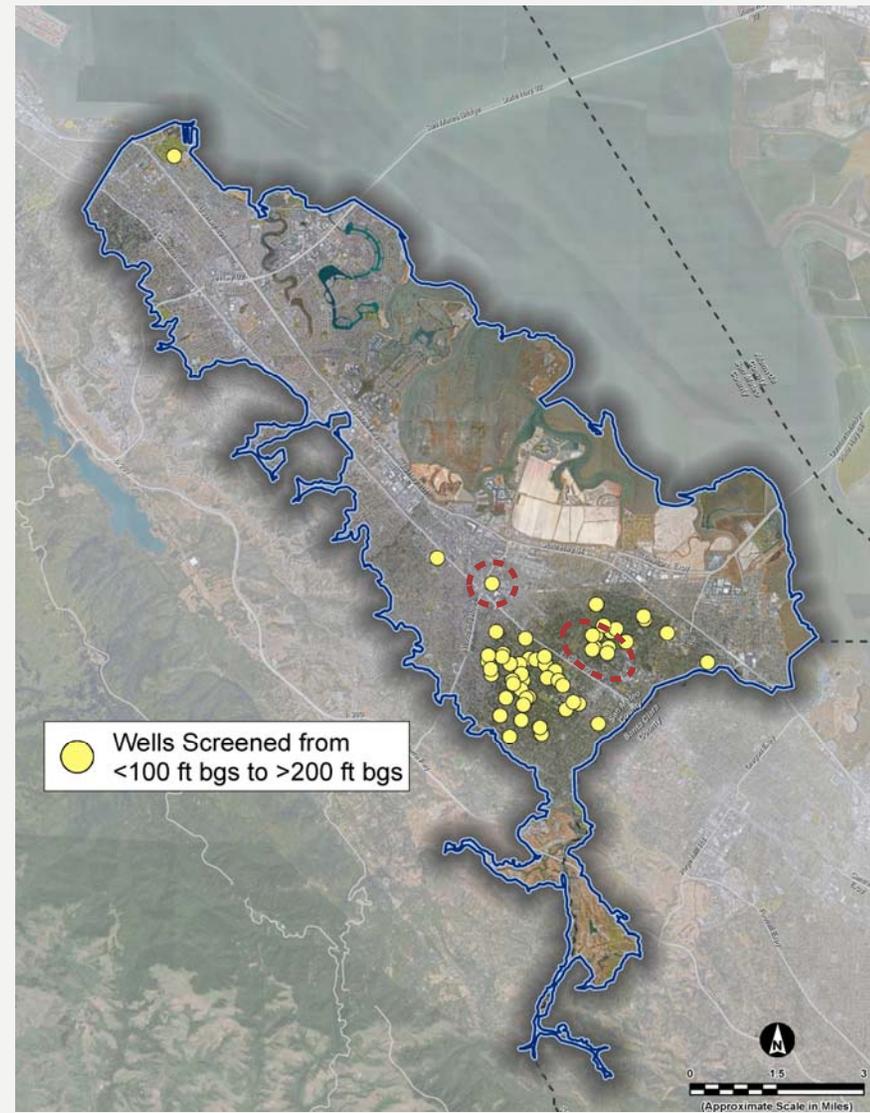
# LOCATIONS OF POINT SOURCE CONTAMINATION SITES



Geotracker sites with “active” status and groundwater listed as affected media.

# LOCATIONS OF POTENTIALLY CROSS-CONNECTING WELLS

- Wells that screen over both shallow and deep zones have **potential to cross-connect** two aquifer zones
- Some wells are potentially downgradient of contamination sites
- Public water systems installing new wells must conduct Drinking Water Source Assessments to evaluate risk from contaminating activities



# OPTIONS FOR PREVENTING FUTURE UNDESIRABLE RESULTS

- Active groundwater monitoring (e.g., establishment of sentry well network, and a routine groundwater level and water quality monitoring program)
- Active subsidence monitoring (e.g., by repeated surveying of benchmarks, using Satellite Interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar [InSAR] data)
- Support on-going and coordinated groundwater management efforts (e.g., East Palo Alto's Groundwater Management Plan)
- Increase efforts to prevent groundwater contamination (e.g., identify and destroy cross-connecting wells)
- Perform monitoring in creeks to better understand surface water / groundwater interactions

# CONCLUSION

- To date we have initiated compilation and interpretation of substantial information about the Basin
- Foundational for future work to update numerical model, fill key data gaps, and evaluate groundwater management options
- Promoting public knowledge of the resource
- Positioning the Basin for funding and supporting sustainable groundwater development

# NEXT STEPS

- TM#3: Numerical Model Update
  - Stakeholder Workshop #3 – October / November 2016
- TM#4: Potential Basin Management Options
  - Stakeholder Workshop #4 – November / December 2016
- Phase 1 Report
  - Stakeholder Workshop #5 – January 2017

# QUESTIONS?



**Erler &  
Kalinowski,  
Inc.**

